THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By Gallaway, Rhea & Cluskey.) MEMPHIS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1867. (Volume Nine—Number 250

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Avalanche Office, in Avalanche Building, 12 Madison street.

Agnews & Co., E. M., cotton factors and commission merchants, 236 Front and 6 Jefferson streets.

Attwood & Lyle, cotton factors and commission merchants, 256 Front street, and 6 Jefferson street.

Aetna Fire Insurance Company, of New York, office corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Black, Estes & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 22 Front street, up stairs.

Bailey & Co., Jr., wholesale whisky and liquor dealers, 5 Bradley Block, 256 Front street.

Bullock & Co., booksellers and stationers, 324 Main street.

Bachelor & Co., manufacturers of and wholesale jobbers in Mt. Airy Tobacco, 256 Front street.

Byers & Co., James T., steamboat agents, 12 Jefferson street.

Bush, J. H., cotton and wool factor, 26 Front street.

Carolina Insurance Company, of Memphis, Tenn., office 20 Main street.

Commercial Hotel, D. Bryson, proprietor, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

Craig & Co., R. G., dry goods, 29 Main street, in the Exchange Block.

Caldwell, Gass & Caruthers, planing mill and lumber yard, 180, 182 and 184 Fourth street.

Cannell & Eakin, cotton gin and pickery, foot of Market street.

Cook & H., cotton and cottage factor, 256 Front st.

Cubbins & Logan, iron founders and machinists, Adams street, near bayou.

Continental Insurance Company, of New York, office corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Cunningham, Wicker & Nielson, cotton factors and commission merchants, 256 Front street.

Cates & Co., H. C., wholesale boots and shoes, 20 Main street.

Christian & Co., J. A., storages for cotton and merchandise, Navy Yard.

Davis, A. P., practical house and sign painter, 28 Union street.

Dougherty, Wm., marble works and marble mantel warerooms, 16 Front street, above Market.

De Soto Bank of Memphis, 20 Madison street.

Dickinson & Co., J. W., wholesale factors and commission merchants, 210 Front street.

Dillinger & Co., J., drugs, glass and queensware, 46 North Court street.

Eagle an Assurance Society, office 20 Main street.

Empire Savings Institution, 4 Madison street.

Fowlkes & Steffey, cotton factors and commission merchants, 193 Second street, and 43 Washington.

Flanin, Beckman & Carruthers, grocers and family supplies, 20 Main street.

Fitzgerald & Co., H., grocers, produce dealers and commission merchants, 254 Front street.

Forster, Kealhofer & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 254 Front street.

Franklin Insurance and Banking Company, corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Gayoso, A. N., wholesale whisky, 60, 62 Front street.

Gay, Alden, McCrea & Co., wholesale grocers and cotton factors, 256 Front street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 17 Madison street.

Harwood, Larry, steamboat agent, No. 14 Jefferson street.

Hill, Strange & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 256 Front street.

Hill & Co., John H., cotton and storage warehouse, Court street, near bayou.

Hosier, Mrs. M. C., millinery establishment, 289 Main street.

Heller, Fisher & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 6 Madison street.

Jones, Brown & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 256 Front street.

Jones & Co., G. W., wholesale and retail druggists, 257 Main street.

Jones & Co., J. W. A., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 256 Front street, up stairs.

Jones, [illegible], 256 Front street.

Keary & Porter, real estate brokers and general agents, No 2 Kil Williams Block, corner of Madison and Second.

Keller, Dr. J. M., office Jefferson street, 4 doors east of Main, in the Jefferson House. Residence at General Hospital.

Kremer, L., millinery, 424 Main street, near Jefferson.

Kennedy, Williams & Russell, cotton factors and commission merchants, 256 Front street.

Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company, of New York, office corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Lamb & Co., H., wholesale and storage warehouse, 4 Jefferson street, near bayou.

Lacey & Mathes, cotton factors and commission merchants, 228 Front street.

Lacey & Co., wholesale grocers and commission merchants, corner of Union and Front streets.

Lyerly & Co., Joseph A., wool and hide dealers, corner of Main and Union streets.

Lawrence & Carter, general commission and forwarding merchants, 228 Front street.

Levy & Co., A., contingency, second street, between Union and Madison.

Linkhauer & Brother, agents, boot and shoemakers, 311 Second street.

Lowenstein, B., staple and fancy dry goods, 347 Main street.

Lowenstine & Brothers, J. H., wholesale and retail dry goods, 351 Main street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Tickets office, Gayoso House, southeast corner Court and Main streets.

Maxwell & Anderson, Saddle Works, 18 Union street.

Moore, Whitfield & Co., cotton factors, storage and general commission merchants, No. 1 Howard's Row.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 4 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 5 Jefferson street, under Commercial Row.

Mosby & Dorion, commission merchants, 256 Front street.

McVan & Walker, attorneys at law, Madison street.

McCombs & Co., sole agents Eagle Cotton Gins, 275 and 277 Main street.

Muldoon & Bro., liquor dealers, 31 Main street.

Martin & Donegan, cotton factors, commission and forwarding merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Maxwell & Anderson, saddle works, No. 18 Union street, between Second and Third.

Murray & Hilliard, merchant tailors, No. 34 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.

Mid-Continental, midsummer, 291 Main street.

Meaken Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 345 Main street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad Office, corner Main and South Court street.

Mack, Orr & Co., wholesale and retail commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Mitchell, W. Z., dealer in books and stationery, 24 Jefferson street.

Moon, Robert A., cotton factor and commission merchant, 276 Front street.

Mallory & Hughes, wholesale druggists, 50 and 52 Main street.

Milford, Lamsden & Co., storage for cotton and merchandise generally, Poplar street, near river.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad, office 276 Main street, corner of Court.

Memphis and Ohio Railroad, office 257½ Main street.

Miller & Lee, [illegible], 20 Main street.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, Wm. Calvit, superintendent.

Mack Brothers & Bohm, wholesale and retail dry goods, 261 Main street.

New Memphis, Thomas W. G. Thompson, manager, Jefferson street, below Third.

Neely & Co., J. C., cotton factors and commission merchants, 228 Front street.

Nagel & Hafer, wholesale and retail druggists, 313 Main street.

Nolan & Lindsay, horse and mule patrons, planters, etc., 29 Jefferson street.

Nathan, Henry, importer and wholesale dealer in wines, liquors, cigars, etc., 23 Jefferson street.

North American Life Insurance Company, of New York, John D. Smith, general agent, 230 Front street.

Porter, Metcalfe & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 256 Front street, up stairs.

Powell & Mallory, [illegible], 46 Second street.

People's Bank of Tennessee, 12 Madison street.

People's Insurance Company, W. S. Grenshaw, President, 20 Madison street.

Passmore & Co., W. H., General Auctioneer, Vincent Block, Second street.

Perkins, Livingston & Fant, cotton gins, presses and plantation machinery, 256 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Patrick, Sebastian & Co., [illegible], 252 Front street.

Postoffice, corner of Third and Jefferson streets.

Planters' Insurance Company of Tennessee, 275 Front street.

Price & Treadwell, [illegible], Lee Block, Union street.

Rawlings & Co., J. J., cotton factors and commission merchants, 251 Front street.

Robertson & Carter, cotton factors and commission merchants, 12 Union street.

Robinson & Co., Wm. A., founders and machinists, opposite the Gayoso House.

Robeson, Sneed & Co., wholesale clothing, 305 Main street.

Rufus, Finney & Co., cotton factors, 15 Union street.

Robbins, N., & Bradley, hardware merchants, 262 Second street, between Jefferson and Madison.

Rawlins & Co., [illegible], Vincent Block, Second street.

Stewart, W. L., cotton and commission merchant, 2 Bank alley.

Schubel & Co., J. F., stove dealers, 297 Main street.

Stone, Metzger, wholesale boots and shoes, 324 Main street.

Sullivan, Miss Sallie, millinery goods, 287 Main street, over Bennett's.

Sensel & Son, A., wholesale and retail dry goods, 343 Main street.

Sample, Mitchell & McCauley, cotton factors and commission merchants, 13 Union street.

Stanley, King & Smith, cotton factors and commission merchants, 272 Front street, up stairs.

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, McMahon & Olin, agents; office, 43 Madison street.

Smith & Leech, wholesale liquor dealers, 261 Second street.

Sproule & McCown, wholesale and retail clothing, 221 Main street.

Swanwick & Co., W. T., lumber dealers, foot of Jobbed street.

Smith, Owen, undertaker, 303 northeast corner Gayoso and Second streets.

Toof, S. C., Book and Job Printer, No. 12 West Court street.

Taylor, Cain & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 11 Monroe street.

Toof, Phillips & Co., cotton factors, grocers and commission merchants, 266 Front street.

Tennessee State Bank, [illegible], 20 Madison street.

Tune & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 20 Jefferson street.

Tennessee Savings Institution, corner of Court and Main streets.

Tobin, Lyon & Co., cotton factors and grocers, 248 Main street.

Union & Planters' Bank of Memphis, 20 Front street, up stairs.

Verger & Hatchett, cotton factors and commission merchants, 230 Front street.

Van Brocklin, auctioneer, 12 Madison street.

Van Vleet, George W., agent Missouri State Lottery, 20 Jefferson street.

Waggoner & Co., J. H., itinerant tailors and dealers in ready-made clothing, 236 Main street.

Watson & Co., J. B., wholesale and retail druggists, 313 Main street.

Webb, S. M., & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Lee Block, Union street.

Workman, Ed., news depot, 22 Jefferson street, Avalanche Building.

Wyeroon House, corner Main and Adams streets. C. E. Gallery, proprietor.

White, Riley & Hoskins, cotton factors, general commission and forwarding merchants, 256 Main street.

Wormeley, Joy & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Adams street, below Main.

Willaupt, J. B., whisky in storage, 251 Main street.

Williamson, Hill & Co., wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 256 Front street.

Webb & Co., Martin, wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 251 Front street.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

The new court house in New York will cost $10,000,000.

Commodore Vanderbilt's income is reported at $4,000 a day.

It costs Philadelphia six hundred thousand a year to light her streets.

Port Limon, Costa Rica, has been opened to free trade in everything except tobacco and alcoholic liquors.

A special dispatch to the *Picayune*, from Washington, states that General Beauregard's Memphis property has been restored to him.

The fortress of Luxembourg, about which Europe was last spring almost at the point of going to war, was finally evacuated by the Prussians on September 9.

The Philadelphia *Press* boldly asserts that negro suffrage has been inflicted upon the Southern people as a punishment for their attempt to establish a separate government.

Engineer George F. Sawyer, of the Navy, has been sentenced by court martial for saying that Congress will fail in its duty if it does not impeach the President.

General Grant has written a very Radical letter to Dr. Leiber, of New York, indicating that he would accept the Republican nomination for the Presidency if tendered to him.

Captain F. E. de Bille, late Secretary of the Danish Legation at Paris, has been appointed Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Denmark to the United States.

The Board of Mayor and Aldermen of Tullahoma have passed a law exempting all disfranchised persons from paying corporation poll tax in that town.

Thad. Stevens writes: "Sick as I am, I take this occasion to thank God for our late defeat. The Republicans have been acting a cowardly part, and have met a coward's fate."

Hon. Thad. Stevens is opposed to the nomination of General Grant unless that hero should come out flat-footed upon the platform of the Republican party, manhood suffrage and all.

The Charleston *Mercury*, October 11, "in the name of South Carolina," calls upon Governor Orr to do his sworn duty to the State, and by proclamation order the election of members of the Legislature for the ensuing term."

Advices from the Mexican capital to the 8th instant, and Vera Cruz to the 14th, are received. The banishment of Santa Anna is confirmed. All the principal States of the interior had returned a majority for Juarez for President.

A questionable financial establishment of Jersey City, known as the National Bank of America, Saturday afternoon came to grief, the reputed cashier, William E. Arnold, having been arrested on the charge of fraud, and the doors closed. The accused was placed under bonds of $5,000.

The remains of Aaron Burr rest in a cemetery at Princeton, New Jersey. The spot is marked by a plain, white marble monument. In the family of Judge Edwards, at Staten Island, there are the portraits of Aaron Burr and his daughter, rare gems of art, and painted by the celebrated Vanderlyn.

The lamb-like Wade, of Ohio, it is said, swore most vigorously when he learned that his chances of a re-election to the United States Senate had all departed. He is thus reported: "The d—d nigger and the G—d d—d bonds have given the State to the d—d copperheads."

A deputation, consisting of members of the Roman Municipal Council, and headed by a Senator of Rome, had an audience with Pope Pius IX, at which a petition, signed by 12,000 citizens of Rome, was presented, praying his Holiness to give his consent to the occupation of Rome by the troops of Victor Emanuel.

Hon. Ben. Hill, of Georgia, writing from Washington, advises his people to have nothing to do with organizing the government under the reconstruction bills, as the most effective method of condemning them. He contends if the military commanders force a convention the courts and every other department of the Government will declare such forces of the Government illegal and void.

An exciting wrestling match (best 3 falls) recently in Vicksburg between Urial Prichett, the champion wrestler of America, and John T. Wright, an amateur wrestler of Mobile, now living in Vicksburg. The parties were of equal weight—one hundred and eighty pounds, and were well matched. Prichett won the first round, Wright the second, in which, however, he sprained his ancle, and the third and the match were won by Prichett.

A Captain Deknight, of the Freedmen's Bureau, in Franklin county, Virginia, issued an order a few days since prohibiting a gentleman of that county from becoming a candidate for office, and informed General Schofield of the action, stating that he had done so for the reason that the proposed candidate was a Conservative rebel. General Schofield telegraphed him immediately to revoke his order.

The receipts of internal revenue for last week were one million six hundred and eighty-three thousand dollars, and for the fiscal year sixty-five and a half millions. Fractional currency issued during the week from the printing bureau, $593,000; shipments, $503,757; redeemed and destroyed, $503,800; national bank currency issued, $34,000.

A report from South Carolina states that a negro riot had occurred at Pickens Court House. A meeting of negroes was disturbed by a drunken white man, whereupon the negroes proceeded to the rooms of a debating society and commenced an attack upon the members (white). One man named Hunnicut, a non-resident, was killed. The military had been called upon to restore quiet.

Returns received by the Commissioner of the General Land Office from the local office at Little Rock, Arkansas, shows that thirty-six farms, comprising, in the aggregate, 3,356 acres, were added to the productive force of that State during the month of September last, under the act of June 21, 1866, which provides for the disposal of the public lands for homestead actual settlement in the Southern States.

About ten days ago Hon. J. W. McClurg, member of Congress from Missouri, published a letter in which, on the authority of an ex-rebel named Jackson, he asserted that General F. P. Blair had written to the Confederate General, Shelby, to hold himself in readiness for a new war that was about to take place. General Shelby publishes a card in the *Democrat* of the 9th declaring McClurg's statement false. He has had no correspondence with General Blair, and knows no such man as Jackson.

Warlike indications do not diminish in France. Staff and other army officers who are not usually supplied with horses except in war times, are being provided therewith. Immense purchases of grain have been recently made on government account. For a long time the manufacturing capacity of the French armories has been tried to the utmost. Such preparations, well says the New Orleans *Crescent*, are too costly to be indulged in without there is a serious prospect that France may soon be compelled to fight defensively, or is determined to assume the offensive in the hope of winning advantages that will more than pay for these expenditures.

KENTUCKY'S RACE AGAINST TIME.

He Runs Four Miles in 7:31 3-4, Losing by 11 3-4 Seconds.

From the New York World, 18th.]

The attendance at Jerome Park yesterday afternoon was nearly twice as large as that on Tuesday or Wednesday. No wonder. Kentucky, the noblest race horse on American soil, was announced to run (if he could be made to do it) four miles in seven minutes and twenty seconds, carrying a jockey weighing 120 pounds upon his back.

Five thousand dollars had been staked by his owner, Mr. Leonard W. Jerome, that the horse could do this thing. But Mr. Jerome's apparent confidence was so far from being shared by the majority of betting men, that wagers of $500 to $400 were laid the day before and yesterday up to the very beginning of the race, in favor of "time."

Lexington, Kentucky's sire, had made the fastest four mile heat ever made this side of the big waters on the Metairie course, near New Orleans, April 2, 1855, in 7:19½, carrying 108 pounds. But the track was specially prepared for Lexington at the time, and is said to have been an earlier and "shorter" track than the one at Jerome park. The difference in weight (17 pounds) was also very considerable. Two weeks afterward Lexington beat Lecompte, carrying 108 pounds, in 7:23¾.

Fashion, in May, 1844, ran four miles over the Union course in 7:32¼. In September, 1858, Nicholas I made the same distance over the Fashion course in 7:35. The last two were rightly considered extraordinary performances; Lexington's being still regarded as a freak, which would never be repeated in his generation.

In addition, therefore, to the other odds against him, the one hundred and twenty pounds which Kentucky carried yesterday were a tremendous ballast. Farmers and village doctors, who are accustomed to take an hour or so to make four miles on the roads between country villages, always open their eyes and shake their heads, and talk of "gentility" to animals, when they hear of racing attempts of this sort. The contrast between the blood and spirit of a thorough-bred and of an ordinary animal trained to work and draw, is what the honest men can never appreciate until they get a fair look at the eyes, nostrils, gate and speed of one not, like Nominate, made for either "work or beauty." Kentucky, lord of a magnificent stable, tended on by half a dozen human serfs, munched his fodder, stamping his heels and flirting his scornful tail in the faces of some scores of aristocrats who daily go to see him, has appeared altogether too haughty a beast to submit to cruelty or deserve pity, as vindicated this disposition yesterday afternoon.

Until the bugle sounded, hands waved from the starters' stand, and the mass of the people in front retired within the gates, leaving the track clear for the race.

Then Kentucky was led up, blanketed from nose to heels, and led by a negro with whom he seemed well and amicably acquainted.

A roar of cheers greeted him from the grand stand.

His superb shoulders and flanks wrinkled, and made their strength apparent through the coverings drawn about them. His dainty hoofs, just visible below, touched and rebounded from the track as lightly as the feet of a dancer. His mighty tail, distrained and flowing downward in a curve, as studied and graceful as that of a lady's robe, looked finer than a peacock's. His nostrils were all aquiver; his mouth—which had been carefully sponged out a minute before—all foam; his eyes blazing purple. Even his sharp, reclined ears seemed to glitter. Swathed as he was, he made such an impression during the prancing promenade past the stand, that one person of the female sex naively remarked that it would be "shocking to undress him."

The horses appointed to join in the race could now be seen walking up and getting their places at different parts along the course. The clamor of voices became gradually hushed as the bugle sounded again.

When the three or four men who had followed the great racer up the track were observed to close up to him, there was an unlocosing of buckles and straps. Off came the blankets; on went the saddle; up sprang the jockey to his harness. A hasty look at the girths, at the bit, the bridle; a "smoothing furn" of everything about the stallion and his rider; a gathering up by the latter, of his reins. Kentucky, restive under these manipulations, sidled, squirmed, tossed his proud head, and for the first time, viciously flirted his tail. With both hands clasping the bridle at the bit, the negro who led him pulled his head down low. Then leaped aside. Just one or two wild shakes of his head, and the horse was off!

He came tearing down the quarter stretch, with DeCoursey jet loose in front of him, at a promising gait, and passed the judges' stand at the start well under control by Littlefield, his rider. Racing men said to each other at this time that he looked stripped, in as good "shape" and "form" as he ever looked before on the course. At the mile—the half mile—De Coursey, still in front, doing his part as leader—splendidly—the uninitiated thought Kentucky was not running! He had thus far been well saved by his jockey, who then proceeded to give him more rein. Running! Nobody who saw the running from that half mile pole home to the stand will ever forget it. It was too heavy a gait. It finished the first mile in one minute and forty-eight seconds, and bore the great stallion clear to the quarter-pole beyond. Littlefield again tried to save the strength that was so much needed. A fresh leader was not in sight, exciting Kentucky's ire. His racing down the curve again, past the half-mile pole, was again magnificent. A swell of cheers rolled along from right to left as he passed under the brow of the club house hill, going for the far away curve of the track. His stride, at this part of the race, must have been tremendous, and ought to have been measured for curiosity's sake, if not for that of the horse's reputation. His legs appeared to have steel springs in them. The thud of his mighty "all fours" could be heard as distinctly and were as simultaneous as the rat-tat of a mallet. It was a glorious sight to see. But men shook their heads again, and said it could not last.

Down they came, Kentucky passing his leader, completing the second mile in 3:36, and rushing away at the heels of a fresh horse, and followed by an encouraging shout. His running was done with the same pluck and "evenness." There were yet no signs of faltering, at least to none but the most knowing eyes. The third mile was made in 5:29.

Those who had kept the time, were now in a heat of excitement and anticipation. The first mile had been made in 1:48, and the third mile in 1:53. Kentucky had now 1:51 to make the fourth and last mile in, and thus complete the race in 7:20. Few bets were newly ventured. The horse showed so pluckily as he went by that no one could say what he might accomplish.

Another fresh rival was started before him, and another at the half-mile pole started out alongside. The brave old racer was evidently getting worsted by these horses ahead, and the dust they cast in his eyes and nostrils. He had been used to leaving horses behind, and spurning them with the dust from his own royal heels. But he went well on toward the three-quarter pole, before he seemed in earnest, and not only put his jockey's patience and skill to the utmost proof, but shattered the hopes of his backers that he would finally triumph. Littlefield recovered him promptly (alas! not quite early enough,) and got him down to his work anew as he rounded the turn toward home. Then he lashed him and sent him forward to do his very best. As the steed and his rider, the latter mercilessly plying the gad, came flying down to the finish, there rose from every part and angle of the park, and without fit on the hills, a splendid cry of enthusiasm.

But Kentucky was a little fagged at last. Time, victor over no better horse than he, had beaten him by just eleven and three-quarter seconds. He had run four miles in 7:31¾.

It was probably not intended that he should go so quiet at first. The other horses also obstructed him several times. Too much dust was in his front. Kentucky has lost none of his laurels, and every one who knows him believes he can yet do the work that was cut out for him.

The race, notwithstanding his defeat, was the most exciting and important that has taken place on this continent since his sire, Lexington, undertook a similar task, with nearly twenty pounds less weight.

In New York, on Sunday of last week, about twenty feet of the pavement in West Thirteenth street, near Sixth avenue, caved in, leaving a chasm of unknown depth. The congregation of Dr. Burchard's church had just been dismissed, and a number of them were standing on the pavement a few moments before the accident occurred.

When the steamer Great Republic left San Francisco for China and Japan, several thousand Chinese crowded the wharf, dressed in their best, and flung after the steamer, into the bay of San Francisco, thousands on thousands of long slips of bright enamelled yellow and red papers, inscribed with prayers to unknown gods for the vessel, that "the great depths of the sea should spare her and all on board, and gentle waves and propitious winds waft her swiftly to her haven in the 'Central Flowery Land.'"

BY TELEGRAPH.

WEDNESDAY NOON DISPATCHES.

The Reconstruction Election in Virginia.

The Bradley--Fisher Affair Again.

Quarterly Statement of the New York Banks.

RICHMOND, October 23.—Lynchburg—Whites, 673; blacks, 761—being 373 less than the number registered.

Perry's Precinct—For the Convention, 335; against it, 205; for the Conservative ticket, 206; Radical ticket, 332.

Amherst—Whites, 90; blacks, 313.

Norfolk—Whites, 1,384; blacks, 1,462; being 514 less than the number registered.

Petersburg—For the Convention, 211; against it, 191.

At Lynchburg the lives of negroes who voted the Conservative ticket were threatened by Radicals, and in a disturbance caused by them three negros were wounded. Order was restored by the military and civil authorities.

Poollett's precinct—For Convention 353, against 285.

Staunton voted 439 for Convention and 472 against.

The Conservative ticket in Augusta county is elected by 500 majority. There was a small white and full negro vote in the ballot, the Convention being voted down, and the Conservative ticket being elected.

News from Rockbridge county insures a Conservative triumph.

WASHINGTON, October 23.—Chief Justice Carter, of the District Supreme Court, announced, to-day, that the cases in which lawyer Bradley, who was debarred by Judge Fisher, is engaged as counsel, would not be taken up till his *status* was determined by the full bench.

Prominent Georgians represent to the President and General Grant that General Pope has so arranged matters in that State as to give the coming election to the negroes and Radicals, and ask them to interfere. Both the President and General Grant replied that they had no power to interfere.

NEW YORK, October 23.—The October Quarterly Statements of all the New York City banks have been received by the Controller of the Currency, and their consolidated returns show the aggregate of circulation and deposits to be about one hundred and ninety millions, for which a reserve of forty-seven millions (25 per cent.) is required. The statement shows a reserve of sixty-two millions (8 per cent.) more than is required by law.

PHILADELPHIA, October 23.—Representatives from all vessels of Farragut's fleet which captured New Orleans, organized an association last night for the purpose of united action toward obtaining prize money.

CHARLESTON, October 23.—Several members of the Congressional Railroad Committee addressed a meeting of citizens at Hibernia Hall last night.

General Canby orders the election of municipal officers not to be held, and the notice prescribed by the city ordinance not to be published.

TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

MONDAY, October 21, 1867.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Huntingdon.

A number of bills were considered and passed on second reading.

The bill to authorize the Trustees at the Tennessee Manual Labor University to establish branches of the institution anywhere within the State they may deem proper, was passed on its third and last reading.

There being no further business on the calendar, the Senate adjourned till ten a.m. to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MORNING SESSION.—The House met at ten a.m., Speaker Richards in the Chair.

By Mr. Reed: A petition to allow tolls to be collected on the Pulaski and Alabama turnpike, and turn the same into improvements. Referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Mr. Kercheval: A bill to incorporate the Trinity turnpike. Referred to Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. Ryder: A bill to incorporate the Union National bank of Memphis. Referred to Committee on Incorporations.

By Mr. Jordan: A bill to encourage Immigration to Tennessee. Referred to Committee on Incorporations.

By Mr. Harris: A bill to facilitate the taking of depositions by phonographic shorthand. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

By Mr. Reed: A bill repealing the act amending the charter of the Memphis and Charleston railroad. Referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Inmany: A bill to establish a Medical Hospital in Knox county. Referred to Committee on Incorporations.

By Mr. Hamilton: A bill to incorporate the Merchants' Insurance company of Memphis. Referred to the Committee on Incorporations.

HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING.

House bill No. 45, for the benefit of the Mississippi railroad. Passed.

House bill No. 5, to inflict penalties on common carriers or agents for illegal or unjust distinction in color. Passed.

House bill No. 21, to incorporate the Middle Creek Cemetery, in Sevier county. Passed.

House bill No. 39, to amend the act to incorporate the town of New Middleton. Passed.

Senate joint resolutions 5, 11, 18 and 7 were indefinitely postponed.

Senate joint resolution No. 42, to hold an election for United States Senator on the 23d of October, at 12 m., in the House of Representatives. Adopted.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

House bill No. 3, to incorporate Orfort College. Passed.

House bill No. 9, to protect the laborers. Passed.

House bill No. 18, to prevent non-voters from appearing at the polls of election for the purpose of preventing or influencing voters. Rejected.

House bill No. 28, to facilitate the working of roads. Rejected.

House bill No. 32, to change the time of holding court in Fayette and Shelby counties. Passed.

House bill No. 46, to change the place of comparing the votes in the Fourth Senatorial District. Passed.

House bill No. 47, to regulate the fees of Notaries Public. Passed.

SENATE BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Senate bill No. 2, to secure the laborer his just rewards for labor done. Passed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

Senate bill No. 7, to change the time of holding the Circuit Court in Tipton county. Passed.

Senate bill No. 9, to change the fourth section, chapter 88, of an Act extending the corporate limits of Decaturville. Passed.

House bill No. 29, to incorporate the Crab Orchard and Crossville turnpike. Passed third reading.

On motion of Mr. Walker, a committee of five were appointed to consider, in conjunction with the Senate Committee, the report of Mr. McElwee, with regard to the affairs of the National Bank of Memphis, in which the school fund was deposited. Messrs. Walker, Stone, Meyers, Roach and Bean, were constituted the Committee.

BOOKS & STATIONERY

BOOKS.
Law Books,
School Books,
Novels,
And a Fine Stock of Stationery at
C. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,
No. 312 Second Street, Corner of Monroe.
oct1

BLELOCK & CO.,
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,
315 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.
Would call attention to their varied assortment of
School Books, Writing Paper, Envelopes, Slates, Inks, Pens, Etc.
Teachers, Booksellers, Druggists, Country Merchants
And all others wanting anything in the Book and Stationery line, are invited to call or send their orders.
Particular attention given to orders by mail. Address
BLELOCK & CO.
315 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.
oct

BOOKS AND STATIONERY!
No. 24 Jefferson Street.
W. Z. MITCHELL
HAS REMOVED HIS STOCK to No. 24 Jefferson street, near corner Main, where can be found
School and Miscellaneous Books,
Stationery, Paper, Magazines, etc., at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MANUFACTORY
15 arclay Street, New York.
A. W. SPROULE & CO.,
No. 70 Fourth Street,
ST. LOUIS.

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,
Corner of Fourth and Main Sts.,
LOUISVILLE.

SPROULE & M'COWN,
No. 46 St. Charles Street,
NEW ORLEANS.

SPROULE & M'COWN.
Washington Street,
VICKSBURG.

SPROULE & McCOWN,
221 Main Street,
UP DE WORSHAM HOUSE.
Memphis, : : : : : : : Tennessee.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Fine Custom Made Clothing
AND
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR
Fall and Winter Stock
With extensive manufacturing facilities, NO manufacturer's profit to pay, and
Buying Exclusively for Cash.
WE ARE ENABLED TO
OFFER SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS
To all purchasers of First Class Clothing.
Very Respectfully Yrs.,
SPROULE & M'COWN,
221 Main Street, Under Worsham House.

COTTON AND COMMISSION

SAMUEL H. RICHARDSON,
(Late of Banks, Hamilton & Co.)
General Commission Merchant,
No. 18 City Buildings,
SOUTH COMMERCIAL STREET,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

D. E. LAWRENCE, Memphis. C. S. CARTER, Late with Halliday Bro., Cairo.
LAWRENCE & CARTER,
General Commission & Forwarding
MERCHANTS,
228 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

E. M. APPERSON, G. V. RAMBAUT
E. M. APPERSON & CO.,
Cotton Factors, Grocers
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 238 1-2 Front and 6 Jefferson Streets,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.
Agents for Plantation Supplies, Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties, etc., for sale to our customers on the usual terms. se12

STERLING FOWLKES, THOMAS P. ADAMS, WM. A. STEFFEY
FOWLKES & STEFFEY,
Successors to Fowlkes & Co.)
Cotton Factors
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
193 Second and 43 Washington Sts.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
AGENTS for the sale of the PREMIUM COTTON GINS made by W. G. Dennon Brown & Co. Columbus, Ga.
Also, agents for the GREEN RIVER WOOLEN MILLS Hendersonville, N. Carolina, for sale by piece or case. a fine assortment of Kentucky jeans.

A. VACCARO, S. VACCARO, M. MAGEVNEY, Jr. A. S. VACCARO,
A. Vaccaro & Co.,
Importers and Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,
ETC., ETC.,
No. 324 Front Street, Memphis Tenn

ALFRED T. LACEY, R. L. McGHEE
LACEY & M'GHEE,
222 Front Street, Memphis,
Cotton Factors, Commission Merchants
Dealers in Groceries and Plantation Supplies.
Keep constantly on hand a large stock of Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties, Groceries and Plantation Supplies. se13

Dissolution of Copartnership.
THE partnership of W. L. STEWART & BRO. is this day by mutual consent dissolved, A. D. L. Stewart retiring from the firm because of official duties requiring his entire attention.
The business of the firm will be settled by W. L. Stewart, who will continue the business in his own name.
September 1, 1867. W. W. STEWART, A. D. L. STEWART.
W. L. STEWART,
COTTON & COMMISSION MERCHANT
No. 2 Bank Alley,
South and Near Madison Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : : : : TENNESSEE.
PROMPT attention given to the sale of Cotton and filling orders for customers, and at rates suited to the times. And as we intend to strive the public of their duties in the premises in advance, we simply promise to exercise his best judgment at the go per time in the management of the business intrusted to him.
Always grateful for patronage, will endeavor to make the same mutually profitable. se8

SHANE, BELL & CO.,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors
General Commission
AND
FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
Liberal Advances made on Produce in Store. Strict attention paid to filling orders.
Geo. T. H. Bell, R. F. Herron, J. A. Shane, Dr. A. Harris
HARRIS, MILLER & CO.,
No. 192 West Second Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. oct2

MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.,
(Successors to Moore, Whitfield & Raynor.)
Cotton Factors
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 1 Howard's Row, Memphis, Tenn.
We are prepared to make liberal cash advances on all consignments now, to furnish bagging, rope or ties to parties who will ship us their cotton. We are Agents for LeGAN NON WOOLEN MILLS, Lebanon, Tenn. PREMIUM COTTON GINS, manufactured by W. G. Clemons, Brown & Co., Columbus, Ga. CANE MILLS, (cast iron) manufactured at Zanesville, Ohio; the Celebrated UNION WASHING MACHINE & WRINGER; E. GRAY'S STAR CAPE LINE.
H. A. PARTEE, Haywood Co., Tenn. ED. P. McGEHEE, Panola, Miss. R. D. PARTEE, Panola Co., Miss.
PARTEE, McGEHEE & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
Cooper Block, Monroe Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS
In referring to our Card as above, we would say that in the future, as in the past, we will give our best attention to the interests of our patrons on all consignments made us. That while our facilities are at least equal to any, THE USUAL CHARGES WILL BE MADE, and we pledge ourselves that the result to the planter on all business intrusted to us, shall be as favorable as from any other source of equal standing, or from parties who may propose to transact business for less than we feel we can justly and safely afford to do. se8
SAMPLE, MITCHELL & McCAULEY,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 13 Union Street, Up Stairs,
E. E. Lee Block, MEMPHIS, TEN
E. O. HURD,
COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 49 West Second Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Liberal advances made on consignments. Orders solicited.
C. NEELY, H. M. NEELY
J. C. NEELY & CO.,
(Successors to Puckett & Neely.)
Cotton Factors
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
280 Front Street, Over Brooks, Neely & Co.'s,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
Liberal cash Advances made on consignments in store All shipments by river and in store covered by our open policy of insurance, now otherwise improved.
Major R. PUCKETT will remain with us, and give, as heretofore, his undivided attention to the sale of Cotton. se17
To the Cotton Brokers of Memphis.
GENTLEMEN—In furtherance of your wishes to lessen the transfer charges on cotton from planter to buyer here, we have the satisfaction to say to you that we are signed with Mr. Jones, superintendent of the Memphis and Ohio rail road, to place all cotton intended for us in compress cars, and to FIX the same to our Wandsboro, thus saving a drayage to the owner, and avoiding the vexatious delay in the delivery of cotton at the Mud street depot. Compress cars can be put on immediate facilities provided there.
An examination of our Warehouse is particularly requested, and parties who may be satisfied with it, and with the arrangement we have made with the railroad, can leave us their name to be forwarded by Mr. Jones to his Agents along the line of the road.
J. R. CHRISTIAN & CO.,
Corner Promenade and Market Streets
Ocoee Bank Notes.
IN accordance with an Act of the Legislature of Tennessee passed December 31, 1866, entitled an act "To regulate the distribution of the effects of Banks which have, or may make, assignments for the benefit of creditors," notice is hereby given to the creditors and holders of the notes of the Ocoee Bank to file them with the undersigned at the Ocoee Bank building in

WANTS.

WANTED—To the Citizens of Memphis and the vicinity. I am now prepared to take Scholars in Shorthand, Writing, &c., at my residence, No. 148 Jefferson street, Memphis. Any private family or head waiting of 10 white and female scholars, would find it to their interest to call at my residence and get terms, &c., and will be down for the winter, every day, or half of any day, as can be decided at the time of subscribing or applying at the General Intelligence Office, No. 2 Adams street.
oct31 WM. DARDIS, Agent.

WANTED—A situation as DAY OR NIGHT WATCHMAN. Satisfactory given by reference.
oct18 THEODAR DAVIDSON, No. 120 Jefferson street.

SITUATION WANTED—A Lady of Memphis desires situation, either in a public school or a private family as TEACHER. She can be commanded either in the city or country. The most satisfactory references can be given. Apply at this Advertising office.

AGENTS WANTED—Ten to twenty dollars a day, to introduce our new patent STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Price $15. It uses two threads, and makes the genuine Lock Stitch. All other low priced machines make the Chain Stitch. Each Agent furnished with a copy of Letters Patent. Exclusive territory given. Send for circulars.
M. M. BEACH & CO.,
294 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—Agents to sell the CRESCENT SEWING MACHINE. Price $45. Sewing Machine dealers will find it greatly to their interest to send for our terms. AT T. SMITH & INGRAM, 310 Second street, Memphis.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—One of the best houses in Memphis for the grocery or commission business. Rent eighty dollars per month. Apply at 246 Madison street.
oc 4

FOR RENT—The LARGE STOREHOUSE at present occupied by Lacey & McGhee, 277 Front street. Possession 1st of November. Apply to W. J. GRAY & CO.,
oct25 41 Poplar st. cor.

FOR RENT—A LARGE ROOM, formerly occupied by the County Court, on Third street. Would make an excellent school room.
Also, a set of two or three Family Rooms, on Third street, Rent low. Inquire of
E. W. WICKERSHAM,
oct7 Office Southeast Corner of Third and Jefferson.

FOR RENT—A fine COTTAGE of eight rooms, on Poplar street, near Lindsay. Also, a Two story dwelling of eight rooms on Exchange street, attended. Apply to ALMERON HERD or HALSEY, Attorneys at Law, No. 223 Second street, Jefferson Block.
oct7

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—Part of Lot 18, fronting 12 Feet on Chickasaw or Front street, running back 180 feet to alley, with two story brick house on same. Terms, one-half cash, balance in twelve months with interest.
STOVALL & FLIPPIN,
oct7 of South Carolina.

FOR SALE—One twelve horse power STATIONARY ENGINE and boiler—nearly new.
LUNN & MALLON,
No. 204 Main street.

STOLEN OR STRAYED.

STRAYED away on the 18th, a RED DURHAM COW AND CALF. The cow was marked "I T" on her right hip, and had a bell on; the calf was red, with white face, a steer calf, with a rope and part of a chain round his neck. A liberal reward will be paid for their delivery at Mrs. McBALLEY'S lodge, 180 Pigeon House road, next to the blacksmith's shop.
oct7

$25 REWARD—For the return of TWO MULES, strayed or stolen from the premises of the undersigned, corner Sixth and Miss sippi, Oct. 14th. Both are mare mules, of the largest and long tailed, round bodied sorrel, with an old sore caused by collar on one of her shoulders, past nine years old and fifteen hands. The small mule is of a light brown or bay color, about six years old, and in good condition, branded "C. S." on the hind near hip. The mules, or information of them, may be left at my brick yard on Third street, Chelsea.
oct7 O. H. P. PIPER.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I will apply for letters of administration on the estate of John L. Morgan, deceased, at the November term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tenn. [o.20] ALLEN F. MORGAN.

NOTICE—At the November term of the County Court of Shelby county I will apply for letters of administration on the estate of John McDavid, deceased.
oct20 MICHAEL O'BRIEN.

NOTICE—Notice is hereby given that I will apply for letter of administration on the estate of John C. Hayes, deceased, at the November term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee.
oc.19 GEORGE W. DAVIS

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—I will apply to the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, at the November term, 1867, for letters of administration on the estate of J. L. McKinney, deceased.
oc5 R. C. CARLTON.

THE Healing Pool and House of Mercy—Howard Association Reports of young men on the crime of solitude and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia.
oct8

NOTICE—Notice is hereby given, that I will, at the next October term of the County Court, apply for letters of administration upon the estate of John Kluge, deceased.
oc28 J. SELIGMAN.

LOST.

LOST—A BLACK THREAD LACE VEIL, between the Greenlaw opera House and beale street market. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at L. KEE MEE'S store, Main street.
oc29

THURSDAY : : : : : OCTOBER 24, 1867

WE are indebted to our friends at Oxford, Mississippi, for a club of thirty new subscribers. We have also received from Water Valley, in the same State, a club of forty-two new patrons, fifty from Grenada, twenty at Iuka, and one hundred and twenty from Holly Springs. Our subscription list is rolling up with a rapidity that is surprising in view of the many misfortunes that have overtaken the Southern people. Indeed, our success is without a parallel in the history of newspapers. While we return our thanks to the public at large for the unprecedented liberality with which our paper is being supported, we feel assured that this has been due, in a great degree, to the general confidence in our zeal for, and fidelity to, the interests of the Southern people. In the future, as in the past, we will repay the generous patronage lavished upon us, by furnishing a paper that will pursue a downright, honest, straightforward course. In nothing will we sacrifice principle for policy. While others are trimming for expediency, hunting for the popular breeze, we shall trim for principle and search for what is right—never pretending to be all things to all men—every thing by turns and nothing long. We regard time-serving in times like these a sheer apostacy. An open foe is hated, tempered with respect; but a truckling go-between with all the contempt which cowardice inspires. An honest, patriotic minority, with sound principles, is more to be respected than a triumphant majority which obtains place and power by fraud and deceit, or by ignoring or concealing its true principles. Truth is not always accepted when first presented, but if its friends stand firm it will ultimately prevail. A public press that is steadfast in its faith will always command influence. It is respected and heeded by its enemies, because they fear its honest condemnation of their own corrupt legislation, and in spite of themselves are restrained by many acts of usurpation and oppression which they would not hesitate to perpetrate but for the fear of merited castigation. As "the law is a terror to evil doers," so, also, is an honest press an object of fear to the designing and unprincipled demagogue. Entertaining these views, we shall continue to advise the true men of Mississippi, either to vote against a State Convention or not vote at all. We know this advice is unpopular, because the proposition to hold a convention will carry by an overwhelming majority; but we know we are right in our position, and shall so urge upon our friends, notwithstanding we are in a minority. To the friends of Constitutional Liberty we say, hands off! If Freedom, Justice, Equality and State Sovereignty are to be trampled under foot, let the Buccaneers who desire such sacrilege perform the accursed work. "If dishonor must be inflicted, let only dishonorable men inflict it. If the white race must be dependent, let those only who are unworthy to be white men, and who admit that they are no better than the negro, monopolize the foul, apostate job." No true Southerner, no proud Mississippian, will aid in posting upon the backs of such men as FEATHERSTON, and GHOLSTON, and HUMPHREYS, and CLARKE, and PINSON, and INGE, and REYNOLDS, and WALTHAL, and LEE ROBERTS, and THOMAS HARRIS, the eye-blistering badge of "traitor," "unclean." The memory of our sleeping dead cries aloud against such a profanation. Radical hate, despotism and unconstitutional laws cannot degrade us; but we can degrade ourselves. We can submit to all laws, endure any outrage which the devilry of our tormentors can invent. But let us not commit perjury, or brand with dishonor the noble men who have been true to the trust imposed in their integrity and valor. Shall we rivet the fetters upon our own ankles by voluntary votes, when our Northern friends are striving to extricate us? While Radicalism, rotten and leprous with vile sores and putrified corruption, is expiring in the North, shall we give encouragement to the foul thing by sustaining an uncoustitutional law, simply to give place to men whose rule would be infinitely more wicked and despotic than military power? Give us the reign of the devil before BEELZEBUB for ever.

WE congratulate our Mississippi friends in the judgment they have displayed in the selection of candidates for election to the hybrid Convention, which has been ordered under the unjust and charitable, kind and considerate "Reconstruction bill." It has always been the character of Southern men, if forced to do a thing, to do it well and wisely. The assembling of a Convention may become a fixed fact, contrary to the judgment, sense and opinions of the people; hence the necessity of dealing the best we can with such a monster. All Southern men feel that it would be far best, and more to the true interests of Mississippi and the other Southern States to have no Convention at all, yet the necessities of the extraordinary circumstances now surrounding us—something like the highwayman's demand, "your money or your life,"—impel our people to do many things they would far rather leave undone. The results of recent elections in Alabama and Louisiana convince us that the villainous registration process, as adopted in nearly all the Southern States, depriving of suffrage—without any legitimate excuse whatever—thousands of the best and purest in the land, will force conventions on most of the unreconstructed States. Many of our best people feel that if such conventions must be held, the best and truest men should be put forward in nomination for membership. The election for convention in our neighboring State (Mississippi) commences, per order of General ORD, on November 5th, and is to continue from day to day until the 10th of the same month. The Conservatives throughout the State are selecting their very best men. A recent convention in Marshall county put into the field three of her best citizens, Messrs. JOHN W. C. WATSON, Dr. W. M. COMPTON and CHARLES H. TOWNSEND, who will represent the best interests of the State under the circumstances. Mr. WATSON'S well-known eminence as a lawyer and statesman of almost peerless ability renders it superfluous for us to give him more than a mere passing notice. He has long held the most prominent position in both civil and political life, and is without blemish or stain on his character. Although we have heretofore differed with him, as we do now, in some of the opinions he entertains, yet we cannot refrain from awarding to him full meed of praise. Possessing, as he does, the most genuine worth of head and heart, the true honor and interests of the State could not be confided to better hands than his. A Virginian by birth, with his mental and moral organization, he could be hardly less than a devoted patriot to a cause espoused so nobly and faithfully by his native State. As Confederate States Senator he ever evinced those sterling qualities of self-sacrificing integrity that he has ever shown as a lawyer and citizen. He has never sought official position but as it sought him, and never failed to fill any trust reposed in him with honor and credit to himself, and to the true interests of his people. Major W. M. COMPTON, another candidate for the Convention, is a young gentleman of fine ability, and purest worth and character. He has always been equal to the confidence reposed in him at the hands and with the voices of the people of Marshall county. Their interests were confided to him at the State Convention, which he protected with the valor and patriotism of the true gentleman He was a faithful and brave soldier in our late unfortunate struggle, and came forth with escutcheon fair and honor untarnished. He has only been induced to come forward for the position to which he now aspires at the urgent solicitations of his fellow citizens, as they well know their honor and interest will be safe in his keeping. He is a true representative man, urbane, courteous and kind in all his dealings, possesses a keen appreciation of the fundamental rule of right, which has ever been the guiding star of the gallant and chivalrous people of Mississippi. He is also, like Mr. WATSON, a man of broad and comprehensive views, an eloquent and able speaker, and will, if elected, be a ruling power in the Convention. CHARLES H. TOWNSEND, the other candidate, was formerly a Federal officer, with the rank of Captain. At the close of the war he became a citizen of Holly Springs, with the full and sincere intention of casting his destinies, for weal or woe, with the people of Mississippi. At the earnest request of the "disqualified," he accepted the position of postmaster, a place he has filled ever since with honor and credit. He was for a time, also, we believe, connected with the Freedmen's Bureau, and to his sense of right in adjusting contracts between the whites and blacks may be attributed the harmonious relations hitherto existing in that county among the farmers and laborers until the infamous GILL threw the firebrand of his Loyal Leagues into their midst. As late Commissioner of Registration he still evinced those refined sensibilities of the gentleman to such an extent as to completely win the respect and confidence of all with whom he was brought in contact, and to his discriminating judgment many owe their right of registration, that otherwise would have been ruled disqualified. In a word, his entire course of conduct since his residence in Mississippi has rendered him acceptable to the people of Marshall county, and none will receive their suffrages more cheerfully than Captain TOWNSEND. In the neighboring county of Tishomingo the same opposition to convention prevails; but in the event it should be held, good and true men will be sent. That gallant and true soldier, Colonel WHITFIELD, from near Corinth, and the sprightly and talented T. A. BLAIR, of Iuka, will be the standard bearers of constitutional rights and freedom. They have already actively entered into the canvass, and we learn are doing yeoman service in defense of the rights of the white man, and against negro domination. Roll on the ball, boys, as you have so nobly begun, and future generations will rise to call you blessed.

A MULTIPLICITY of engagements have prevented our noticing the fact that Doctor DAVID R. LINDSAY has retired from the Florence *Journal*. He has sold out his entire interest in the paper, and takes leave of his readers in a feeling and appropriate address. We regret that the cause of freedom and constitutional liberty is to lose the services of Doctor LINDSAY, as he is a bold, spirited, dashing writer, full of nervous energy, while rich and glowing thoughts cluster about the nib of his pen. He has the capacity for conducting the ablest papers in the South, and we hope he will renew the labors for which he is so admirably fitted upon a larger theater, where he can be more useful to his country and beneficial to himself and family. His honest and unselfish heart is thoroughly imbued with all that is true and noble, and a detestation for everything that is vile and groveling. We never knew a loftier gentleman or a friend that we loved more sincerely. It may be truly said of Dr. LINDSAY—

> "He would not flatter Neptune for his trident,
> Or Jove for his power to thunder,
> His heart 's his mouth;—what his breast forges
> That his tongue must vent."

The *Journal* has passed into the hands of SILAS G. BARR, a *protege* of the senior editor of the AVALANCHE, who guarantees that he will be true to all his engagements, and that he will make an able and interesting paper. We wish Mr. BARR success commensurate with his merits, which is the same as wishing him prosperity and happiness.

BROWNLOW is elected to the United States Senate, and will make a fair representative of all that is bad in our body politic. We should like to hope, but cannot, that attaining this once high position, he will use the fading energies left him by expiring nature to do some good, (if good can come out of evil,) before he is gathered to his Father—the King of Plutonian Shadows. He intends to be the "Governor of Tennessee" until his term of Senator commences, in 1868.

Governor Patton, of Alabama, has consummated arrangements in New York, for paying the semi-annual interest due on November first, on the bonds of that State.

Thomas W. Malone, who was released from the New York Penitentiary last Saturday evening, and had been incarcerated on an attempt to kill, Tuesday cut his wife's throat, and then cut his own. Both bodies were taken to the Station House in Williamsburg.

A Cincinnati *Commercial* dispatch of the 21st says that "Secretary McCullough, being interrogated to-day as to the statement of the Boston *Post* correspondent that his (McCullech's) resignation was no longer at the President's disposal, and that if his removal was attempted he would avail himself of the tenure-of-office law, and resist, authorises a positive denial of the truth of the paragraph in all its parts. His resignation is, and has been at all times, subject to the acceptance of the President."

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

National Republican Convention.

Meeting of Manufacturers in Philadelphia.

A Reduction of Tax Proposed.

Brownlow Elected United States Senator.

The Election Returns from Virginia.

Public Difficulties in New Orleans City.

No Yellow Fever in Galveston, Texas.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 23.

This morning four laborers, engaged in demolishing an old house on Lippard street, were buried under falling walls, and one killed. The other three were seriously wounded.

The National Union Republican executive committee met at the Fifth Avenue Hotel to-day. The following were present: Governor Ward, of New Jersey, chairman; Samuel A. Purveance, of Pennsylvania; John B. Clark, of New Hampshire; Hon. H. H. Starkweather, of Connecticut; H. H. Hoffman, of Maryland. After the transaction of some private business, a full meeting of the committee was called to meet in Washington, on December 11th, to decide upon the time and place for holding a Republican convention.

Sherman is still swinging around the circle.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, October 23.

At a meeting of the cotton and woolen manufacturers, held to-night, in reference to petitioning Congress to reduce the five per centum tax, the following was passed:

"*Resolved*, That the Manufacturers' Union of Philadelphia ask the members of Congress to use all honorable means to remove all taxation of the industry of the country, when such industry requires to be protected from the cheaper labor and capital of Europe."

The resolution was referred to the executive committee, who are instructed to correspond with manufacturers throughout the country, in regard to the establishment of a fixed tax on cotton sales, the same as trade bills in Liverpool.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, October 22.

Brownlow was elected Senator to-day for the term commencing March 4th, 1869, by 24 majority on the first ballot over W. B. Stokes, his only opponent.

The Board of Aldermen propose to put the hook and ladder company and one engine in charge of negroes.

At Ashland furnace, Wayne county, a few days ago, three canisters of powder were exploded in a store by the careless firing off of a pistol. Nichols and Hall, clerks, and a boy, were badly wounded. The store was torn to pieces and the stock completely ruined.

ALEXANDRIA.

ALEXANDRIA, October 23.

Returns from the Virginia election show that Lewis, Conservative, is elected over Baldwin, Radical, in Prince William county, by 161 majority. Manney, Conservative, is elected over John Minor Botts, Radical, in Culpepper, by 62 majority. Stafford county gives a majority of 340 against the Convention; Fredericksburg, 126. Warrenton county gives the Radicals 60 majority. Fauquier county has gone Conservative. Fairfax county gives 100 Radical majority. London county gives 72 Conservative majority.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, October 23.

River on a stand with twenty-five inches in the canal.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, October 23.

Last evening the City Council adopted a resolution repealing the existing ordinance for the administration of public schools.

The *Republican* has been enjoined, on a petition of members of the School Board, from publishing officially said resolution.

A suit has been instituted against Mayor Heath on the same petition.

Fever interments for the twenty-four hours ending at six o'clock this morning, eighteen.

GALVESTON.

GALVESTON, October 23.

No interments from yellow fever yesterday. Absentees are slowly returning, but, it is deemed, imprudently. The fever in the interior is abating from want of material.

FOREIGN.

FLORENCE, October 23.

It is known that Garibaldi landed at Leghorn, and is now in Italy. The efforts of the police have failed to discover his whereabouts.

PARIS, October 23.

Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, arrived in France on a visit to Napoleon, yesterday. He is expected to reach Paris this evening. He passed through Baden on his way, and had a brief interview with the King of Prussia. The meeting was of a most friendly character.

SOUTHAMPTON, October 23.

The steamship Germania sailed yesterday noon for New York.

The steamship Saxonia arrived this afternoon from New York.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, October 23.

The sub-judiciary committee held a long session to-day, and examined quite a number of witnesses from Maryland, and issued subpœnas for the attendance of others.

The special ordinance committee of the Senate and House were in session to-day.

CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, S. C., October 23.

General Canby has issued orders providing for a session of the registration boards, for the final revision of the lists, to commence November 5th, and continue five days. Also, an order to release on bail all persons not subject to the articles of war held in arrest by military authority.

YELLOW FEVER AT SUMMIT, MISSISSIPPI.

People Alarmed and Leaving the Place.

From a private letter written at Summit on the 17th instant, to a member of the Howard Assaciation, of New Orleans, the New Orleans *Crescent* is permitted to copy the following:

I have delayed writing to you to come to some conclusion as to the nature of a violent fever with, which our people are sorely afflicted, and of which the following persons have died in about a week: Colonel S. S. Catching, Mr. and Mrs. Hope Young, Mr. Kesler (of Hiller & Co.), a Mrs. Wagner, Miss Gibson, Mrs. Zeigler, and a shoemaker, whose name I do not know, but who worked at Huber's. B. Hillbourne and Newfield are very ill. Doctor McGehee pronounces it yellow fever of a bad type. A great many are down with it. Yesterday and day before our town was deserted, except by a few of us. Summit is sorely afflicted. I am afraid if the fever spreads any more that it will be hard to get people enough to bury the dead.

Tullahoma, Tennessee, boasts a newspaper called the *Apalachian*.

A London letter to the New York *Times* says the Princess of Wales is an incurable invalid.

Petitions are being circulated in North Alabama to secure the repeal of the two and a half per cent. cotton tax.

A servant girl in Philadelphia attempted to kill her illegitimate child by throwing it from a fifth story window. The dispatch says it was "entirely uninjured."

The late forgeries of the seven-thirties were not executed in Europe, as at first supposed. Several arrests have been made of suspected persons, and others will be soon looked up.

Prominent Republicans from the West now in Washington, are reported to have said that the impeachment of President Johnson at present would cause a revulsion of sentiment in that section of the country which would prove disastrous to the Republican party.

LATE SHOOTING AFFRAY AT NASHVILLE.

Mr. Foster out of Danger.

The Nashville *Gazette*' of Tuesday says: The difficulty originated in the settlement of an account between Mr. Byrd Douglas and Mr. Cockrill, brother-in-law of Mr. Foster. It seems that Mr. Douglas, some days since presented to Mr. Cockrill a bill upon which was charged a barrel of flour purchased by Mr. Cockrill in 1863. Mr. Cockrill was under the impression that he had already paid for the flour, but paid the bill, remarking that he would look the matter up, and if it appeared that he had before paid for the flour, Mr. Douglas could return the money. Upon searching, he afterwards found a receipt for the flour, which he presented on Saturday to Mr. Douglas. Mr. Douglas pronounced the receipt genuine, but as it was without date, charged that it was given by his son upon the recent payment. Mr. Douglas and Mr. Cockrill live near each other on the Charlotte turnpike, and on Saturday evening, the sons of Mr. Douglas went to Cockrill's, where they had some words upon the subject with Mr. Frank Foster, who resides with his brother-in-law, Mr. Cockrill, and who was present when Mr. C. paid for the flour, and also, when he found the receipt referred to. Thus the matter rested until Sunday morning, when Mr. Foster drove into the city to call upon his brother, Judge Foster, and upon his return, was met by the sons of Douglas, as above stated, and the conversation was renewed. After some exciting words Mr. Foster drove on, and the others rode towards the city, but soon wheeled, and riding rapidly back, overtook Mr. F. and without further words, one of them fired upon him, with the result above stated. Mr. F., as is known to many, has long been a cripple, and was riding alone and unarmed. Detective Jo. Cheatham, who was near when the shots were fired, ran to the assistance of Mr. Foster, and with others, assisted him to his home where medical aid was immediately rendered. The wound in the breast, though severe, was found to be not serious, and no fears are entertained of a fatal result.

The Douglas brothers, after the shooting, rode into the city, and afterward returned home, where they were arrested upon complaint of Judge Foster, who had been called from church by the news that his brother had been shot. Mr. Douglas, senior, fearing further trouble, placed Judge Foster and Mr. Cockrill under bonds to keep the peace.

On Tuesday Mayor Alden, of Nashville, was assaulted in the Recorder's office, by Captain Patterson, late chief of the night police. He was not badly hurt.

A movement is on foot among the laboring classes in Galena, Illinois, to form a co-operative society and establish a store. Considerable stock has already been subscribed, and it appears probable that the enterprise will prove successful.

The Huntsville *Independent* of the 18th instant says: "A document setting forth the injustice and the ruinous consequences of the present tax of two and a half cents on cotton, has been prepared, and a paper put in circulation for signatures, petitioning Congress to remove the tax. Mr. Baylor Stewart is attending to the petition in this region."

Steps have been taken to recover a large amount of property sold in Washington under the confiscation act. Some of these cases will go to the Supreme Court on writs of error, under the plea that Congress had no power to extend admiralty jurisdiction; that they were, in reality, revenue cases, and so demand a jury.

At the request of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the Attorney General has promulgated an opinion which reads as follows: "Neither railroads owned by a State, or the gross earnings thereof, or the profits accumulated therefrom, or the dividends paid upon its bonds, nor articles manufactured by convict labor in the penitentiaries of a State, are subject to taxation, either under the act of 1864, or any other of the Internal Revenue acts."

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 22d of October, by the Rev. S. H. Ford, Colonel J. LATT. DUPEE to Miss FANNIE D. HASPORD.

May they flourish as the fig tree, that annually produces an abundant harvest! May their sorrows be few, and their joys equalled only by their numerous *responsibilities!*

DIED.

At five o'clock yesterday morning, MATILDA REID, wife of John Reid and daughter of George Montgomery.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend her funeral this morning at ten o'clock, from the residence No. 20 Exchange street extended. Services by Rev. Mr. Simpson.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.

Lessee and Manager ..... W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager ..... SHIRLEY H. FRENCH
Treasurer ..... C. D. STRINKURL

Brilliant Reception of our pretty favorite Miss EMILIE MELVILLE, Comedienne and Vocalist.

THURSDAY EVENING, October 24, 1867, will be given the ever admired play, in five acts, LITTLE BAREFOOT; Amy, with songs, Miss Emily Melville.

CHANGE OF TIME—Door open at a quarter to seven; Curtain rises at half past seven.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RANKIN, STURGIS & CO.,

Memphis Fruit Preserving House,

FAMILY SUPPLIES, WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

No. 400 Shelby Street, Under Gayoso House,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Compressing Cotton.

On and After Monday, October 28,

OUR charges for Compressing Cotton, covering all the intermediate and drayage to steamboat or railroad, until further notice, will be

One Dollar and Fifty Cents per Bale.

GILL & MAURY,
Chickasaw Steam Cotton Press.

J. H. MERRITT, Assistant Superintendent,
JOHN R. NEED, Agent,
Southwestern Freight and Cotton Press Company.
oct31 J. R. CHRISTIAN & CO.

N. HOFFHEIMER & CO.,

No. 276 Front Street,

Have on hand

A Large Stock of Old Whiskies.

Also a good assortment of

ALL KINDS OF LIQUORS,

Very low to the Trade.

Also the Celebrated BAVARIAN BITTERS.

N. HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
276 Front street
oct24

THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT,

No. 94 Camp Street,

J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

THIS popular Southern Journal, established in 1848, suppressed by Ben. Butler, May 12, 1862, and re-established October 12, 1865, is now, as in the past, a faithful exponent of Conservative Southern sentiment, a reliable record of events, and the ardent advocate of all means calculated to developthe resources of the great Southwest.

TERMS—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE:

Daily—per annum $16 00
Half Yearly and quarterly, same rate.
Weekly—Mammoth sheet, per annum 5 00
Half yearly and quarterly, same rate.
oct24

EMMET SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

No. 6 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.,

IS now open and prepared to do a General Banking Business. Will receive Deposits, buy and sell Ex hange, Gold, Silver, Uncurrent Money, Scrip, etc. Sight Drafts for one pound and upwards on Ireland, England and Scotland. Also, steamship Passage Tickets for sale to and from Queenstown, Liverpool and New York. THOMAS FISHER,
President.

Notice.

THE copartnership existing between Ed. Burke and John K. Speed, under the style and firm of ED. BURKE & CO., is this day dissolved. I am alone authorized to settle up the affairs of the old firm. JOHN K. SPEED.
MEMPHIS, October 21. oct21

Drug Store for Sale.

AN entire new stock; no unsaleable goods. Storehouse can be rented at a fair rate. Amount of stock about three thousand dollars. Locality is at the head of navigation of Little Red river. Two boats per week. Cairo and Fulton railroad, which passes the town, is now being built. The town is growing more rapidly than any place in Northern Arkansas. Terms Cash. Address
C. J. D., Searcy, Ark.
oct24-new

For Sale Cheap to the Trade.

100 BARRELS CLIFF LIME.
250 bags Ear Corn.
500 sacks Shelled Corn.
JOHN K. MOODY & CO.,
No. 4 Bradley Block.
oct23

CRAIG'S SEED STORE,

379 Main Street, Jackson Block,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

WE are offering to our friends and customers, this season, a full and complete stock of

D. LANDRETH & SON'S

JUSTLY CELEBRATED GARDEN SEEDS.

Also, all the desirable varieties of Grass and Field Seeds, Fertilizers, Guano, Land Plaster, and Superphosphate of Lime or Bone Dust, Garden Implements, etc.
R. G. CRAIG & CO.,
379 Main street.
oct23

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COWPERTHWAIT, CHAPMAN & CO.,

BOOKSELLERS,

STATIONERS AND PRINTERS,

279 1-2 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.
oct23

JOHN K. SPEED,

SUCCESSOR TO

ED. BURKE & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale

DEALERS IN CIGARS

No. 4 Bradley Block, Memphis, Tenn.

WE are now offering our well known and approved brands FOR CASH, at the following prices, viz:

Valid Queen,	$55 00 per 1000,	made of	York State Tobacco.
Lauretillora,	45 00	"	Fine York State Tobacco.
La Belinda,	35 00	"	Clear Ct. Seed (crop '65.)
La Bouquet,	30 00	"	Fine Yara and C. Seed.
Napoleon,	25 00	"	Havana, Yara & C. Seed.
Principe,	20 00	"	Havana and C. Seed.
La Glorie,	75 00	"	8 inch, Hav. & C. Seed.

The above prices are fully thirty per cent. lower than our late cash prices, and less than New York and Baltimore rates.

The goods are strictly reliable and every cigar in a box, and every box of the same brand are guaranteed to be of the same quality. Knowing it to be to your interest to order from us, we urgently solicit your patronage.
oct23

ISHAM G. HARRIS,

Commission Merchant.

Liverpool, England.

We will advance two-third the value on all cotton shipped to Governor Harris.
oct23 CUNNINGHAM, WICKS & MALONE.

R. W. PRICE, Late of Eastport, Miss. A. R. TREADWELL, Memphis, Tenn.

PRICE & TREADWELL,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 15 Union Street, Lee Block,

Between Main and Front streets, MEMPHIS, TENN.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS,
No. 2 Jefferson Street.

Paid in Capital - - - - - $300,000
Authorized Capital - - - $1,000,000

W. H. CHERRY, President. A. J. LACEY, Vice-President.
J. J. FREEMAN, Cashier.

MAYDWELL & ANDERSON

MARBLE WORKS

NO. 59 UNION STREET,

Between Second and Th

HERNANDO

INSURANCE COMPANY

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a general Insurance business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. In aim is to do a safe and liberal business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, President.

Directors:

R. McDAVITT, D. M. TOWNSEND, A. VACCARO, M. J. MEACHAM, S. B. WILLIAMSON, HENRY LAIRD, S. H. DUNSCOMB.

BEN MAY, Secretary.

QUICK TIME.

BY THE

NEW ROUTE TO NASHVILLE

Memphis and Ohio, and Nashville and Northwestern Railroads, via McKenzie.

Commencing Tuesday, October 1.

TRAINS for Nashville will leave Depot head of Main street as follows:

Evening Express leaves Memphis at 4:30 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 9:40 a.m. Next day. This train arrives at Nashville

Seven Hours and Forty-five Minutes

In advance of Evening Train from Memphis by any other route.

Night Express leaves Memphis at 11.00 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 4:00 p.m. Next day.

This route is

Seventy-Eight Miles Shorter

To Nashville than via Decatur.

FARE REDUCED TO $12,00.

Through tickets via Nash Chattanooga, Knoxville, Atlanta, and all Principal Points in Georgia, Alabama and the Carolinas.

Fare as Low as by any Other Route.

Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at No. 357½ Main street, and at the Depot, Head of Main street.

SAM. R. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.
M. GRIDLEY, Ticket Agent.
ASA HILL, Freight and Passenger Agent.

OMNIBUSES of Memphis City Transfer Company call at all the principal Hotels before the departure of trains, and check Baggage to all points. By leaving orders at Ticket Office, 357½ Main street, will call at any part of the city or steamboat landing.
JOHN M. JONES,
Sept 8, M. C. T. Co.

HALLER, FISHER & CO.,

Grocers, Cotton Factors & Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 44 Madison Street, De Soto Block

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

WE thank our friends for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to us, and will use every exertion to merit a continuance of the same by constant efforts to promote the interest of those who intrust us with their business.

Our facilities for handling and selling cotton are equal to any in the city.

We have on hand and will furnish at the lowest market rates Bagging, Rope, Ties and Plantation Supplies generally.

Liberal cash advances made on Cotton strictly consigned to us. Cotton consigned to us insured unless otherwise instructed.

HALLER, FISHER & CO.

Mr. A. Haller, formerly of De Soto county, Mississippi, is still with us, and will be pleased to see his friends or receive their orders. Also, Mr. F. T. Johnson, formerly with J. M. West & Co., Memphis.
oct3

A Card.

THE conduct of the Gas Company toward me, at the Crystal Palace, has been so outrageous that I deem it proper to make a statement of the same that the many customers of the establishment may know the reason gas is to longer used. At an expense of one thousand dollars I had gas fittings put through out the house. The gas bills, about thirty-five dollars per week, have been paid with prompt regularity. I had way my agreement, when called upon to pay or give my note for bill for bringing the gas pipe from the main on Front street to the saloon, May 1st, 1867. I positively refused, as I was not with what I thought an unjust and unreasonable exaction, which was evidently an effort to extort from me the payment of a arrear merely. If it be the opinion, I have yet to learn it, and court the issue in any case or contingency in which I am unwilling to submit. In my absence from the saloon, the meters were removed, and I, for the first time, was informed that I had been cheated. When such high handed outrage can be committed it is high time there was competition. Had I been treated in a gentlemanly manner, I would have made no objection to the gas company, which is admitted on all hands to be excellent. The merchant who wishes to sell goods, must open his door, and the Company that desires such pecuniary gain as the gas company must put pipes to the convenience of its customers. Since I have been in business, I have not paid less than $6,000 in this city, and the public would scarcely believe that such a return would be made to so prompt a customer.

JOSEPH GINNEL.
MEMPHIS, October 23, 1867.
oct23

GREAT

DECLINE IN DRY GOODS

AVAIL Yourselves of the Great Decline, by attending the Opening sale of

IGLAUER & PRITZ,

No. 255 Main Street.

Domestics & Sheetings Marked Down

Calicoes Marked Down.

Merinoes, Empress Cloths, Alpacas,

VERY LOW.

6-4 Black Cloaking Cloths, $1 50 per yard.
Fine All Wool Cassimeres, $1 50 per yard.

LADIES' AND GENTS'

Underwear, Gloves and Hosiery

AT ANTE-WAR PRICES.

A large lot of LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES at 50c., 75c. and $1, 25 a pair.
oct23 IGLAUER & PRITZ,
255 Main street.

Restaurant for Sale.

A HALF INTEREST, or the whole of a first class Restaurant and Bar, centrally located, with twenty-three rooms, newly furnished. The Restaurant is doing a good business, having upwards of one hundred boarders. The price (or cash will be $1,000. The best of reasons given for selling. Address or apply to MILLER & WILLIAMSON,
oct18 80 North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. K. HILL, STRANGE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

DEALERS IN BAGGING, TIES

And Plantation Supplies Generally,

No. 14 Rearce Street, Memphis.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments to BUCKMAN, HILL & CO., New Orleans.

AUCTION.

Suburban Residence

AT PUBLIC SALE.

WE will sell to the highest bidder, ON THURSDAY, October 31, at 10 o'clock, at our Salesroom, No. 24 Monroe street, the pleasantly situated Suburban Residence owned by Charles Mosby, first house south of Union avenue, in the contented neighborhood of Rev. J. Young, Mr. Rose, Mr. Kinney and others, three miles east of the city.

The place contains about four acres, with a good dwelling for a small family, fine water, and an orchard of finest fruit, grapes, flowering plants, etc.

The property is offered to sell WITHOUT RESERVE, and upon easy terms, to-wit: $2,000 cash, and the balance on one and two years with interest.
BOYCE, TREZEVANT & Co.
oct15

Public Sale

OF

300 ACRES SUBURBAN LAND

ON TEN YEARS' CREDIT.

I PROPOSE to sell at public sale, to the highest bidder on THURSDAY, the 14th of November, 1867, about three hundred acres Field and Forest Land, on my Homestead Tract, situated three miles east of Memphis, at the head of Union avenue, and lying between Central avenue and the old Union Line road. The main popular street pavements being now in process of construction in Memphis, good turnpikes or street railways to the lands lying from the city, and all through this property, must soon follow, thereby affording the most reasonable probability of its great and rapid enhancement in value.

In making the arrangers of this property, I would especially refer to the HEALTH of the locality as having been always considered equal if not superior to that of any portion of the city environs; while the high character of the neighborhood, and the provisions made for CHURCH AND SCHOOL PRIVILEGES,

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

THURSDAY, : : : : OCTOBER 24, 1867

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	7:00 P.M.	7:30 P.M.
Through Mail Daily	1:30 P.M.	4:30 P.M.
Memphis Accommodation Daily, (Sundays excepted)	7:00 A.M.	8:00 P.M.

Ticket office on Main corner of south Court street.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Night Express	9:00 P.M.	11:00 P.M.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Night Express	9:00 P.M.	11:00 P.M.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Our city patrons are requested not to pay any one for subscriptions to the AVALANCHE without a certificate from the office authorizing them to collect.

CALDWELL, REDD & CLUSKEY.

ACCIDENT.—Deputy constable Charley Martin was thrown from a mule Thursday evening, and is now suffering from a dislocated shoulder.

FRESH CHEMICAL LEAVES.—Fresh orange leaves can be had at A. Rosbach's drug store, 320 Main street, corner of Market. 3t.

DIED.—Mrs. Hampton, wife of Sergeant Hampton, of the police, died last night. Her husband was buried only a few days ago. The wife of patrolman John Slattery died yesterday morning.

RECOVERED.—Mr. E. A. Polk, principal of the city high school, has recovered from an attack of the "what-is-it" fever now prevailing.

BURGLARY.—We understand that a burglar entered the boarding house of Mrs. Goodall, on Jefferson street, night before last, and relieved some of the boarders of their surplus clothing.

OFFICE SECRETARY BOARD OF HEALTH, October 22, 1867.—Interments from yellow fever for twenty-four hours ending at five p.m., nine.

W. E. ROGERS, M. D.,
Secretary Board of Health.

N. HOFFHEIMER & CO.—We call attention to the advertisements in another column of N. Hoffheimer & Co., No. 278 Front street. They have a large stock of old whiskies, and a fine assortment of liquors; also, the celebrated Bavarian Bitters.

ED. WORSHAM is receiving the current literature—all the latest newspapers, serials, monthlies, hebdomidals and diurnals. The new publications, illustrated and illustrated, may be found on his counter. "Cliff." is always there to help anybody to his wish.

WORK RESUMED.—The grading of Main street preparatory to receiving the Nicolson was resumed yesterday, the square between Court and Madison being literally blockaded by laborers. We learn that the workmen will commence laying blocks at the corner of Madison street to-day.

UNSUCCESSFUL BURG.—A party of burglars attempted to enter a grocery on the corner of Elliott and De Soto streets, Tuesday night, by boring through the door with an auger. The door would'n't open, and the rascals decamped.

CATTLE THIEVES.—Six cows belonging to Mr. Thomas Kirwan, six miles out on the old Raleigh road, were driven from his premises, Tuesday, by three negro boys. An effort is being made to recover the missing bovines and capture the black robbers.

Our young friend, John K. Speed, has succeeded Ed. Burke & Co., at No. 4 Bradley Block, and has on hand a large stock of cigars, which he sells at New York and Baltimore prices. Bar keepers should try his Naiad Queen, Exposition, Favorite and La Gloria brands. They are very fine and sold thirty per cent. less than regular rates.

THE TENNESSEE NATIONAL BANK DEFICIT.—In the State Senate on Monday, on motion of Mr. Walker, a committee of five were appointed to consider, in conjunction with the Senate Committee, the report of Mr. McElwee with regard to the affairs of the National Bank of Memphis, in which the school fund was deposited. Messrs. Walker, Jones, Meyers, Roach and Bean, were constituted the committee.

UNREMUNERATIVE VENTURE.—Three negroes, who attempted to rob Robason, Sneed & Co.'s clothing store, about seven o'clock Tuesday night, were fired at from the street, when the thief entrusted with the work of robbery commenced from the door with an armful of clothing. The rascally trio disappeared unkerl, but dropped the clothing. Several shots were fired by a gentleman who witnessed their maneuvers from the opposite side of the street.

MEMPHIS BILLS.—In the Tennessee House of Representatives on Monday Mr. Hamilton introduced a bill to incorporate the Merchant's Insurance Company of Memphis. It was referred to the Committee on Incorporations. A bill repealing the act amending the charter of the Memphis & Charleston Railroad was referred with accompanying memorial, to the Committee on Internal Improvements. Mr. Ryder introduced a bill into the House incorporating the Union National Bank of Memphis. Referred to the Corporation Committee.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.—Information has been received that Mr. H. D. Brinkley President of the Memphis and Little Rock railroad, a short time ago accepted a proposition of Northern capitalists to complete the road from St. Francis river to Duvall's Bluff (forty-six miles) by January next, for $1,500,000, taking a mortgage on the stock for security; that this proposition has been voted down by the directors, (Colonel Sam. Tate being absent,) and that Mr. Brinkley will in due time submit the same proposition to the stockholders.

PERSONAL.—We learn that our esteemed young friend Mr. C. P. Sengstack has become connected with the extensive drug and medicine house of Messrs. T. B. Watson & Co., 216 Main street, and will leave to-day on a tour in its interest. This is one of the finest establishments of this kind in the Southwest. Mr. Sengstack is a thorough druggist and chemist, and an estimable gentleman, who, during the late war, made a fine soldier in the Southern army. We take much pleasure in recommending him to the friends of the AVALANCHE wherever business or pleasure may take him.

BLUFF CITY DISTRIBUTION.—The Bluff City Cash and Gift Distribution had 16 first drawing yesterday morning, over Mansfield & Higbee's drug store, in the United States court room, and from those who attended we learn the drawing passed off to the entire satisfaction of all parties. Nineteen cash premiums were distributed. The managers express themselves perfectly satisfied with the result of the preliminary drawing, and the utility of the scheme, and will endeavor to improve on each distribution, the second of which comes off next Thursday, and each Wednesday thereafter. The management have wisely chosen to make their premiums cash, instead of brass jewelry and such article of no possible value. Refer to their advertisement.

NAPOLEON AND MARIE LOUISE.—One of the most interesting periods in modern European history with which the first Napoleon had to do was that commencing with the campaign of Jena and Auerstadt and closing with the, to France, giant treaty, extorted from Alexander on the raft in the Niemen, opposite Tilsit. This period is treated of in "Napoleon and Louise," Miss Maibach's latest work, recently issued from the press of Appleton & Co. It is written in Miss. Maibach's excellent style, and its historical data may be relied upon as accurate, and especially will it interest those who have not had an opportunity of keeping themselves posted in history, to read this and Miss Mulbach's other works. For sale by Bielock & Co., 345 Main street.

IUKA SPRINGS HERE.—As some of our citizens may still contemplate leaving the city for a short season, we can recommend to them no better temporary sojourning place than the hotel at Iuka Springs, which is now open and ready for the reception of visitors, under the efficient management of our clever and affable friend, Mr. Crafts, who has leased the hotel and springs during the winter season. The house has been thoroughly refitted, and now affords, in both table and rooms, accommodations inferior to but few hotels in the country. The waters are of course as healthgiving as ever, and we learn that many of our Memphis citizens are availing themselves of their restorative properties.

A SELF-EVIDENT REASON.—It is said in the Good Book—that if ten righteous men had been found in the wicked and doomed cities of Sodom and Gomarrah, they would have been spared the awful visitation of fire and brimstone, rained down on them in terrible destruction for their iniquities. The passenger train on the Central railroad, as we state elsewhere, made a narrow escape from a most frightful accident yesterday. We learn that our friend, Col. John McGuirk, of Holly Springs, who is an officer of the road, and one of our correspondents, were passengers on the train. The well known extensive planter of this section, we suppose, must have had something to do in effecting this most providential escape. To-night, at least, ought to be sufficient to save an innocent passenger train, if ten only were required to save the wicked cities of the plain.

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

A Damaging Smashup on the Mississippi Central Railroad.

Narrow Escape of a Passenger Train From a Frightful Accident.

Two accidents have occurred on the Mississippi Central railroad, the particulars of which seem to be as follows:

At ten a.m., Tuesday, the freight train bound southward from Grand Junction, when a few miles beyond that point, was thrown from the track, in consequence of the track spreading. One of the cars was completely broken up, and six others considerably damaged. The engine, we believe, remained on the track, and fortunately no one aboard was injured.

Yesterday morning the passenger train coming northward, when eight miles this side of Holly Springs, met, crossing a lengthy stretch of trestle-work, met with an accident whose failure to terminate in a frightful tragedy seems the perfection of miraculous. The train comprised several cars, all comfortably filled. While crossing a piece of trestle-work some hundred yards wide, and when at least fifty feet from the chasm beneath, the forward car, ran off the track. The wheels struck the ties and ran on them along, for nearly fifty yards. It seems marvelous, but it is true, that notwithstanding the condition of the car, the gauge of the trestle-work was made without any portion of the train being hurled down the abyss, or a life lost. As soon as the accident occurred, the engineer, Mr. Savage, at once reversed the engine, and the train proceeded slowly, though its impetus was such that the train could not be stopped, until the danger was over had been left behind. While the train was being hurried forward, the conductor, Mr. Logan, believing a terrible accident inevitable, jumped from the platform of a car, to the ground below, a distance of thirty feet, without sustaining more than a trifling injury.

We cannot enumerate the prices of our immense stock to be closed out—they are the lowest in order to assure an early sale. RICE, STIX & CO.

MEETING OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Memorial to Remove Tax on Cotton Adopted.

Large Attendance of Merchants.

Perhaps the largest and most enthusiastic meeting of merchants that has assembled in this city for several months past met in Odd Fellows' Hall yesterday, to take into consideration some practical means looking to the removal of the burdensome and iniquitous cotton tax, now so ruinous to the planting interests of the South.

The meeting was called to order by the President, Mr. T. A. Nelson, who proceeded to state the object of the meeting in a short but forcible address, giving most cogent reasons why this inequities on Southern industry should be speedily removed. He showed most conclusively the impolicy of Northern legislation in thus giving a bonus to foreign governments to produce a staple heretofore almost peculiar to a part of the Union over which it was now the bounden duty of the Government to watch with equal care. If true national prosperity was of the least consequence to those at present in power.

At the conclusion of the President's address, W. B. Pickett moved that a committee be appointed to draw up a suitable and respectful memorial to Congress, asking for the speedy removal of this oppressive burden.

The Chair appointed W. R. Moore, P. M. Mahan, W. S. Pickett, A. J. Murphy and A. P. Burditt as the committee.

During the absence of the committee, Mr. Leon Trewolla made a brief but pertinent address to the meeting, urging unanimous action on the grave and momentous question then before them. All were equally interested, and all should, therefore, use every exertion to accomplish this most desired result.

The President of the committee, W. R. Moore, reported the following memorial and resolutions:

The present tax upon cotton proves to be a serious and grievous burden upon the producers, and through them, necessarily, upon the national interests. When it was first enacted, the peculiar condition of affairs may have seemed to lawmakers to justify it. We were then in the midst of a fierce and bitter civil war. Our Atlantic and Gulf ports were blockaded, and European manufacturers had not then become comparatively independent of our staple. The labor supply among us, suited to the cultivation of that commodity, had not grown disorganized and unreliable, and it was not believed by many of even the most enlightened American statesmen, but that, under almost any reasonable circumstances, we could, and would, still continue to control the cotton markets of the world. The tremendous revolution, however, which has since that time been wrought throughout the nations, in consequence of our deplorable domestic difficulties in every department of life—social, political and financial—has left us, instead of leading in the cotton production, as of old, actually following, or, if not following, running so sluggishly in the race for supremacy as to be scarcely able to maintain a reasonable position.

When the act laying this tax was first promulgated, the subsequent serious disorganization of the labor system had not been foreseen or even feared; and it was difficult, if not altogether impossible, for even the most sagacious and far-seeing minds to anticipate the rapid and extraordinary progress which has since been made by foreign growers. Much of what we then scarcely dreamed of is now an accomplished and gigantic reality; and to-day the growers of foreign cotton are discussing their ability to not only grow cotton successfully, but actually to break it their monopoly. Think of this, you who put trust solely in American cotton. At the recent annual meeting of the English Cotton Supply Association, of Liverpool, they report, among other valuable facts, as follows: "It may be said that we are on the eve of a great race." For what? "For the monopoly of the cotton supply." "Which country will win, or send in good and suitable cotton at the lowest price?" "The great hope of India. Many countries will enter into the contest, but the great rivalry will be between the United States and our Indian Empire." Now to the statesmen of this country, these are startling facts, which should awaken the deepest and most profound attention. Only a short time ago, many among the wisest men of the country scouted the idea of successful cotton culture elsewhere than in our own Southern States. Now, a meeting is held in Liverpool to see if they cannot make it their monopoly. This authentic statement should, it would seem, convince every intelligent lawmaker of the absolute necessity of not only removing every obstacle to its production, but of fostering and encouraging by all practicable means its constantly increasing growth throughout our own country. As it is now, under the new condition of existing affairs, every pound of cotton is paying to the Government an amount equal to 20 or 25 per cent on the price realized by the producer, while the growers of other commodities, such as wheat, rye, oats, corn, barley, etc., are relieved from the payment of even a nominal per centage. This, it would seem, can scarcely be a wise policy for any just Government to pursue. It can hardly be fair to make any one class of producers pay all the taxes for the other classes. And remembering, too, that the producers of cotton are generally of that class recently emancipated from slavery, and wholly unable to bear the terrible burdens which this tax imposes most directly upon this particular class, we respectfully submit whether an enlightened and wise policy would dictate not only the removal of the tax, but also, in its stead, a substitution of other such legislation as will tend to stimulate rather than retard its production. In view, therefore, of the foregoing, we, the merchants and business men of Memphis, beg to submit the following:

Resolved, That the growth, greatness and credit of the United States demand from her legislators such wise laws as will stimulate the growth and encourage the production of her great agricultural staples.

Resolved, That believing the increased culture of cotton to be directly allied with the prosperity and credit of the Government, and realizing—as we do now most painfully—the utter impossibility of producing it successfully under existing laws, we respectfully but earnestly request from Congress such early action by their honorable body as will speedily do away with all those disabilities which are now actually entailing ruin upon all persons engaged in its production.

Resolved, That in order to enable that by far larger class of cotton producers—the lately emancipated slaves—to realize something like a fair compensation for their labor, which is now simply out of the question, additional reasons of the gravest character, appealing directly to our humanity, present themselves for the early repeal of this burdensome tax.

Resolved, That it is our deliberate conviction that the interests of the Government would be greatly promoted by such generous assistance as would rebuild the wasted levees along our great Mississippi river, thereby reclaiming the many millions of the most productive cotton lands now lying idle, and thus assisting to stimulate as largely as possible the growth of American cotton.

Resolved, That a copy of the action of this meeting, in a pamphlet form, be sent to the various Chambers of Commerce throughout the United States, with a request that each of them join with us in urging this subject upon Congress.

Resolved, That a copy be sent also to the Secretary of the Treasury, and each and every member of the two Houses of Congress, before convening, so that the action may be presumptively kept before them; that a copy be sent to each of our immediate Representatives at Nashville, and that our merchants be requested to forward copies to their various correspondents in the Northern and Eastern cities.

Mr. Phillips moved the adoption of the memorial and resolutions, and that three thousand copies be ordered to be printed for general circulation, which was unanimously agreed to.

Mr. A. Hitsfeld called the attention of the meeting to a circular issued from Cincinnati, suggesting the co-operation, in a general memorial, of all cities having an interest in the cotton trade. This suggestion was unanimously incorporated into the report, and the meeting then adjourned.

Hoods, nubias, breakfast shawls, etc., at less than New York cost, at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro.'s, Clay Building. 4t.

Ladies', misses' and childrens' shoes at seventy-five cents a pair at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro.'s, 231 Main street. 4t.

No deception! We mean to close out the retail branch, and have marked all dry goods down to the lowest figures. RICE, STIX & Co.

Gents' hats, boots, and underwear, at less than New York cost at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro.'s, No. 231 Main street. 4t.

Attend the closing sale of Rice, Stix & Co.; you will find a complete stock of dry goods at lower prices than ever.

Ladies' fine balmoral skirts at one dollar and fifty cents at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro.'s, Clay Building. 4t.

The first bad case of real yellow fever in Memphis was cured with Stillman's Restorative. Inquire about it. 2m

Ladies' and gents' hose, three pair for fifty cents at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro.'s, No. 231 Main street, Clay Building. 4t.

Calicoes, twelve yards for one dollar, at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro.'s, Clay Building. 4t.

Read the advertisement of Rice, Stix & Co. Their immense stock of fashionable dry goods will be closed out regardless of cost, to quit the retail trade.

PAINTING.—Persons desirous of having their painting done in a first class manner, would do well by first examining the work done at the Waldran block, the same having been executed by A. F. DAVIS,
1w 38 Union street, between Main and Second.

Bismark poplins, alpacas and dress goods of all descriptions, at less than New York cost, at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro.'s, No. 231 Main street. 4t.

All linen towels at sixteen cents a piece at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro.'s, Clay Building. 4t.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for diabetes and all diseases of the kidneys. For sale by all druggists.

EXCESS OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so, by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
jan1 tuw No. 42 Cedar street, New York.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation; will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and it sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. We have put up and sold this article for years, and can say in confidence and truth of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed in a single instance to affect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its medical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we know," after years of experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfillment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. Be sure and call for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Price only thirty-five cents per bottle. Office—13 Pitten street, New York; 86 High Holborn, London, England; 48 St. Paul street, Montreal, Canada. eod

RIVER NEWS.

AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, October 24.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

Yesterday was cool and pleasant, and frost is near at hand. Early risers will this morning, no doubt, see signs of old Jack upon the housetops, awnings, spars, etc. No more welcome visitor could call upon our city at this time than this avaunt courier of dreary winter. The rivers are without noticeable change for the better.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Ozark, White river.
" Little Rock, White river.
" Champion, New Orleans.
" Pilgrim, Arkansas river.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Little Rock, St. Louis.
" Champion, St. Louis.
" Marble City, St. Louis.
" Gleaner, Arkansas river.

IN PORT.

Ozark, Guidon, Gleaner, Goldfinch, Dan. Able, Rose Hambleton and Pilgrim.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Bertha reshipped her Arkansas river freight by rail at Duvall's Bluff, and was lying at that place when the Ozark came out.

The Norman is having a hard time of it in White river. If the Louisville folks don't look sharp their $25,000 will soon go up a smoke stack. We a few days ago stated that she had to double trip from Little Island to Des Arc. She is now doubly tripping from the latter place to Jacksonport. Jordan is a hard road to travel.

The J. D. Perry enters the Memphis and Vicksburg trade on Saturday next in place of the Dan. Able. Morg. Bateman will command, and Billy Fields will go in the office.

A dispatch was received yesterday from Helena announcing the death of J. W. Sayers, pilot of the Pilgrim. Mr. Sayers was well known in this city as an Arkansas river pilot. He was also at the time of his death connected with the house of Corcoran, Sayers & Co., on Poplar street. He was a native of Canada, where his relatives all reside, and was about thirty-five years of age. Just before his boat left on her last trip, he started to the interior of Larry Harmstad & Co. that in the event of his death he wished a package of money which would come for him in favor of Larry to be returned unopened to his brother in Canada.

The people living along the Hudson river, in the neighborhood of the place where the Dean Richmond was wrecked, are reaping a good harvest from that disaster.

The Goldfinch was detained on Tuesday by the rain, and will leave this morning, at ten o'clock, for Osceola, Fulton and Halle's Point.

The United States mail packet Ozark will leave to-day for Duvall's Bluff and Augusta. She is a swift steamer, and is light of draught. John J. Edson is master. Jim McDonnell and Tom Hallibarton are clerks.

The fine steamer Myrtle, Captain Bill Hardwick, will get away on Saturday, for all points on the Yazoo, Tallahatchie and Sunflower rivers.

The packet trade projects are becoming lively again. One is proposed between Chicago and the Mississippi, additional ones to those now existing around the Falls of Niagara and the Ohio at Louisville, and the old project of a Florida ship canal is revived. This one is very important to the extreme South. It would cut the Peninsula in two from Fernandina on the Atlantic to Cedar Keys on the Gulf, a distance of perhaps 150 miles. The long detour of the Cape would be avoided by this route, and millions of property annually saved from shipwreck on the rocks and shoals.

Captain Hemingway will back out the Adam Jacobs to-day, at five p.m., for Cairo and St. Louis. She is a light and safe packet, and will make good time. St. Hemingway is master and Mr. Mason is the popular chief purser.

MONETARY.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, October 24, 1867.

The money markets presents no change of importance. Currency is scarce and in active demand. Offerings of coin were a little more liberal, but there was no demand, and no other change of interest. Gold opened in New York at 142¾, and closed at 142⅝. Dealers here bought at 142. Silver was scarce, and nominally inquire.

Nothing doing in stocks or bonds. Everything is in stasis for want of currency, all of which is absorbed in the movement of cotton.

EXCHANGE—Is heavy, at ¼c discount buying and par to ¼c premium selling, for Eastern sight bills.

CITY SCRIP—Was a little firmer; dealers buying small amounts at 90c, and selling at 92c; some holding at 95c.

POLICE SCRIP—Was dull, and nominally the same as Police Scrip; no movement in either.

The current money is scarce and inactive. Dealers bid as follows: For Bank of Tennessee, old issue, 80c; Bank of West Tennessee, 60c; Bank of Commerce, 60c; Bank of Memphis, 50c; City Bank, 50c; Mercantile Bank, 80c; Northern Bank, 80c; Ocoee Bank, 70c; Factory Bank, 80c; Union Bank, 80c; Shelbyville Bank, 80c; Southern Bank, 80c; Planters' Bank, 80c; Bank of Knoxville, 60c; Commercial Bank, par; Bank of Memphis, par; Bank of Nashville, par; Bank of Hickman Bank, 60c; Life and General Insurance Bank, 10c; Union Bank certificates, 60c; Bank of Commerce, 60c; Bank of Paris, 60c.

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, October 24, 1867.

Holders offered more freely yesterday, and the business was done at 18½c for low middling; 18½c for middling; and 17⅝@18c for good middling; but in sympathy with a decline of ½c in New York. The market closed dull, at a nominal basis of 18c for middling. Reverses in the cotton trade, in Europe, have depressed holders considerably. We quote:

Ordinary	nominal
Low ordinary	12½@12½c
Low Middling	15@15½c
Middling	18@18½c
Strict Middling	18@18½c
Good Middling	17½@18c

GENERAL MARKET.

(NOTE.—Our quotations are the wholesale prices unless otherwise stated. In filling small orders to the city or country trade an advance of from ½ to 1 cent is obtained.)

CORN—The markets rules dull, with a small local trade doing; shelled white and yellow 75c at receipt; 80 cents for boat.

OATS—Dull, at 70c on levee, and 75c in store. Only a local trade doing.

WHEAT—Is in fair demand at $2 20@2 30 for choice white, and $2 00@2 10 for spring.

FLOUR—The market yesterday was firm, with prices unchanged. Superfine, $6 50@7 00; Extra, X, $7 50@8 00; XXX, $8 00@8 50; family brands, $9 50.

PROVISIONS—Generally quiet and steady on the market; prices drooping; mess pork dull, $30 00@31 00; prime do.; rump, steady at $20 00; clear ribbed sides (boxed), nominal; shoulders, 12½@13c; breakfast hams 18½c; sugar cured hams, 18c. Lard, firm, with a fair demand; tierces, 14½c; kegs, 15c; refined, 15½c.

COFFEE—Steady, with a fair jobbing trade doing; prices are firm and unchanged. Rio, prime, 23@24c; fair, 22c; Laguyra, 24@25c; mocha, 30@32c.

MOLASSES—Market inactive; New Orleans 80@90c; sorghum, 60@70c; syrups, 45@50c.

SUGAR—Coffee and soft, crushed and powdered, 19@20c; coffee sugar, 16@18½c.

RICE—Market dull; selling at $6 @6½ per barrel.

CHICKENS—In fair demand, with light receipts; selling at $5 for young, and $6 @6 50.

EGGS—Selling at 30c per dozen.

HAY—Quiet at $25 00@30 00 for Timothy.

BUTTER—Choice country roll is in demand, with little on the market; selling at 35c; inferior at 20@25c.

POTATOES—Dull, at $3 @3 50 per barrel.

ONIONS—Dull at $3 @3 50 per bbl.

APPLES—Dull at $3 @3 50 per barrel.

LARD—Steady at 13c @ 13½ per bbl.

TALLOW—In demand at 9 @ 9½.

CANDLES—Dull at 20c.

CHEESE—Quiet; Western Reserve, 16½c; factory, 16@16½c.

BACON—Shoulders, 14½c; clear sides, 16½c.

HOPS—Dull; nominal.

BAGGING—Dull; Kentucky machine, 36@36c; India, 37@38c.

BRAN—Scarce at 1 @1 10 per ton on levee.

SHORTS—Quiet at $20 @22 per ton, sacks.

FEATHERS—Dull at 60c @ 65c per lb.

FEATHER TICKS—Dull; quality inferior; American 25c, 30@35c; French 40c, 45@50c; Belgian 60c, 65@70c; German 50c, 55@60c.

WOOL—Dull at 32@35c @ pound for shipment.

HIDES—In fair demand; flint, 18c; salted, 10@10½c; green 8c.

TURPENTINE—Dull at 45c @ gallon.

OILS—Coal oil dull at 50c @ gallon.

WOOL—In fair demand and steady, 32@35c; washed, 40@45c.

WHISKY—Market steady and quiet, with a small trade doing; prices of common at $1 @1 05; Bourbon, $1@1 10; Tennessee, $1 @1 05; Rye, $1 @1 10; Scotch and Irish are received daily. We quote natural leaf at $1 20@1 30; fine cut chewing, 60@70c; fine cut, 60@70c; fine cut, 60@70c; common do, pounds, (plain) common smoking, 50@60c; fine smoking, 60@70c; common do.

GUNPOWDER—Inactive and nominal at $6 @ 8 keg; $4 50 @5 50 half keg; $2 50@3 canister.

LEATHER—Quiet and steady. Oak sole, 32@36c; hemlock sole, 30@32c; harness, 40@45c; uppers, @ dozen; calf, French calf, 60@70c; American calf, 40@50c.

FISH—Dull and heavy, with a fair jobbing trade doing. North Carolina white shad, $6 @6 50 per barrel; Ohio shad, $5 @5 50 per barrel; $2 @3 00 herrings, ½ barrel, 62½; mackerel, No. 1 in demand, $18 @20 per barrel; No. 2, $16 @17; No. 3, $14 @15; extra family, $22 @23; half barrel, $11 @ 11 50; No. 2, $9 @9 50; No. 3, $7 @7 50; dried cod, 9 pound, 45c; dried herring, 9 lbs.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, October 23.

Money, 7 per cent. Sterling steady at 8½ per cent. Gold, 42¾. Government stocks dull. Stocks strong and active. Bankers at sub-treasury, $1,820,347; payments, $1,773,815; balance, $48,118.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, October 23.

Cotton 1c lower; sales, 1,500 bales; splands, 19c. Flour—Superfine, $6 00@6 80. Wheat dull and lower; amber $2 65. Rye quiet. Corn better at $1 30@1 40. Oats dull and lower; 80@87 for Canadian. Beef quiet. Coffee dull. Sugar quiet; fair to good refining, 12@12½c. Porto Rico, 13@13½c. Molasses heavy; Cuba, 40c. Pork lower at $31 87. Lard heavy; kettle, 15@15½c. Very large sales of dry goods were made during the recent decline.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, October 22.

Sales of cotton to-day, 1,300 bales; low middling, 17½; receipts, 1,000 bales; exports, 681. Flour in better demand and firm; extra, $7 @7 50; choice and fancy, $8 @8 50. Corn, 90c @ $1 00. Oats, $1 @1 05. Pork, $30 @30 50. Oats quiet at 7c. Pork very dull; nominal 7 at 8½. Lard, nominal; tierces, 14½c; kegs, 15c. Rice lower; prime tierces, 10½c. Sterling, 35@36. New York sight exchange, ½c premium.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, October 23.

Flour unchanged; family $11 50@11 75. Wheat dull, @1 60. Corn dull; 90c mixed. Oats advanced to 60c. Rye dull, @1 40. Provisions unchanged. Pork; lugs @ 30@ 31; mess @33 50 @34 00. Whisky unchanged. Pork; unchanged. Bacon—Shoulders, 14½c; clear sides, 16½c. Lard, 15½c in tierces.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, October 23.

Tobacco active; lugs @ 3@5½; shipping leaf @ 11; @15 for manufacturing. Flour very dull and weak; extra @ 8@8 50; family, $11 @11 50. Wheat dull; white @ 1 @1 05; red @ 1 @1 05. Corn dull; white @ 80c; mixed @ 80c. Oats dull; @ 60c. Barley inactive; @ 1 @1 05. Rye dull; @ 1 @1 05. Provisions dull and drooping. Pork @31 50. Bacon: 14c for shoulders; 16½c for clear sides. Lard dull; 15@15½c kegs.

LOUISVILLE MARKET.

LOUISVILLE, October 23.

Tobacco—Sales 118 hhds; lugs, 5@6 50. Flour—Superfine, $ 50 Corn—Shelled, $1 10@1 15 bar. Rye, Oats in bulk, 70c. Corn quiet at $1 @1 05. Pork, $31 @31 50. Bacon—Shoulders, 14½c; clear sides, 16½c. Lard, 15½c in tierces.

WHOLESALE CLOTHING!

To Buyers in this line we are prepared to offer greater inducements than any other house in the city.

We Solicit an Examination of our Stock.

Wholesale Department on Second Floor.

ROBESON, SNEED & CO.,
305 Main Street.

oct3

No. 1128—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—W. S. Bell, complainant, vs. Henry Amend et al., defendants.

It appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants Henry Amend and Edgar Amend, (firm of Henry Amend & Co.,) are non-residents of this State, it is therefore ordered that they make their appearance herein at the Chancery Court in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in December, inst., and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill of exhibits, or the same will be taken for confessed and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest.
By R. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M. Clerk and Master.
HARNY & WARDELL, Sols. for Complainants. oct3wed

WASH. S. TAYLOR, R. A. COLE
TAYLOR, COLE & CO.,
Cotton Factors
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 11 Monroe Street, between Main and Front
Cooper Block, MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Burlaps, Hops, Iron Ties and other supplies furnished a Liberal Margin Sales. sep3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KEEP THE BALL MOVING!

Encourage Home Trade

J. H. WAGGENER & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS

AND DEALERS IN

READY - MADE CLOTHING

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Etc.,

No. 294 Main Street,

Clark's Marble Block.

OUR Goods are all entirely new, and we are determined to sell as cheap as any house in the city. Call and see us. We pay the highest market price for Cotton, Wool and Hides. NORTHERN city.

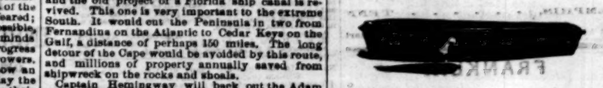
Our Tailoring Department Cannot be Excelled.

Suits made to order at very short notice and at the very Lowest Prices. Encourage HOME TRADE and give us a call, and we will do you right. Believing your interest to be ours, we ENCOURAGE home trade if you wish to have a prosperous country.

J. H. WAGGENER & CO.,
oct19 294 Main street.

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

UNDERTAKERS,



37 Union Street, Memphis, Tennessee,

Old Stand of J. & M. Flaherty.

oct7

The Bluff City

GIFT AND PREMIUM

DISTRIBUTION

IS A LIVE INSTITUTION!

Thousands of Checks are Daily Being Said.

NO WATCHES OR JEWELRY

ARE to be given away, but CASH ONLY will be paid as Gifts and Premiums in this enterprise.

It is not a scheme for a day or a week, but is established on a solid basis, and designed to facilitate for years.

IT IS A HOME INSTITUTION

Memphis Enterprise began it, and Memphis Capital is represented in it; therefore, you should liberally patronize it. Call at office,

NOS. 23 & 24 JACKSON BLOCK,

And buy your Checks, or purchase them from our authorized Agents throughout the city, and on the railroads.

RUSSELL & CO., Managers.

Distribution Wednesday, October 30, 1867.

oct17

INTERESTING TO SHIPPERS!

BY recent arrangements entered into by the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, and the several lines comprising the

Great Southern Fast Freight Line,

Via Charleston, S. C., facilities are now offered Merchants and Shippers sending Cotton to and receiving Goods from Eastern cities that a preference by any connecting line.

There is but one transfer between Memphis and Baltimore, Philadelphia or New York, and time as good or quicker than by any other route. Cotton made will be delivered in New York in six or seven days as the following rates per bale.

	Compressed.	Uncompressed.
To Charleston	$4 00	$4 00
To Baltimore	4 75	5 00
To Philadelphia	4 75	5 00
To New York	4 75	5 00
To Boston	4 75	5 00

Through Bills of Lading will be given by the Agent of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, at this place, and all necessary information promptly furnished on application to

THO. R. DUNN, W. J. ROSS,
General Freight Agent. General Superintendent.
A. J. LOWE, Agent.
oct11

Dissolution.

THE firm heretofore existing under style of GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & CO. has been dissolved by mutual consent. The old business will be settled by Hampton & Co., who assume all liabilities, and to whom all payments will be made.

W. B. GALLAWAY,
W. R. REA,
D. HAMPTON,
Memphis, October 1, 1867.

New Firm.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Galloway, Hampton & Co. having been dissolved by the purchase of Henry Hampton's interest, the undersigned will, in the future, continue the business under the firm and style of GALLAWAY, REA & CLUSKEY. Having assumed all liabilities in the settlement of Mr. Hampton's interest, it is important that the old indebtedness be closed up, and to that purpose we will be compelled to enforce payment.

W. B. GALLAWAY,
W. R. REA,
W. CLUSKEY.
oct1

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of FORREST, MITCHELL & CO., in the paving contracts awarded by the city, is hereby dissolved.

Mr. Joseph Mitchell is alone authorized to settle up the business of the late firm, having purchased the said firm's interest therein for settlement to Mr. Mitchell at our office in the Tom Block.

N. B. FORREST,
oct3 JOSEPH MITCHELL.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company.
For Hickman, Columbus, Cairo and St. Louis.
Adam Jacobs.....Hemingway, master

This splendid steamer will leave for the above
THIS DAY, October 24, at 5 P.M.
oct24 FLEM. CALVERT, Superintendent.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

U. S. Mail.
Regular Memphis and White River Thursday Packet
For Helena, Duvall's Bluff, Augusta and Jacksonport.
Ozark.....Edson, master

This elegant and swift steamer will leave as above THURSDAY, October 24, at 5 P.M.
LEVY & MILLER, Agents,
oct22 18 Madison street.

FOR VICKSBURG.

For Vicksburg, Yazoo and Tallahatchie Rivers.
Myrtle.....Wm. Hardwick, master

Fair commodious and fast steamer will depart as above SATURDAY, October 26, at 5 P.M.
LARRY HARMSTAD & CO., agents,
oct22 Or at City Wharfbo

AVALANCHE.

GALLAWAY, REID & CLEMENT.

R. B. GALLAWAY, } Editors and Proprietors.
JNO. CLEMENT, }

Terms—Daily paper, per annum, in advance, $12; Weekly $3. Advertisements inserted at $1 per square for first insertion; each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Twenty cents per line for special notices.

OFFICE:

In our new building, No. 22 Jefferson street, near the corner of Main.

THE SICK MAN.

Wendell Phillips' Diagnosis of his Case, and Prescription for his Cure.

From the Anti-Slavery Standard, October 18.]

Hardly any sick man gets well without having, now and then, what the nurse calls a pull-back. The American people, rapidly getting over its long disease, has just had a pull-back. There's no reason to be discouraged. The cure will go on.

We pointed out, in a recent article, how inconsistent and unheard it was to suppose that a few battles had converted the whole American people into abolitionists. The late elections are a comment on that text. Brought squarely to the test, Ohio cannot yet be just on her own soil. That same population would see the *necessity* of giving the South Carolina negro the ballot. Without that they know the Union would not be safe. Selfishness dictates justice in the reconstruction of the South; but the sense of justice is not keen enough to protect the negro at home—so Ohio rejects her equal suffrage amendment. Pennsylvania, always for sale and in the market, has been snapped up by an eager purchaser in the wrong party.

Some critics think that these changes are owing to the temperance movements in one place and financial soreness in another and mistaken nominations in a third. All these causes, doubtless, were acting; but the primary and most efficient cause is that the leaders of the dominant party—the people's teachers—have never taught their followers one single lesson of justice. From Mr. Lincoln down to the last canvass speaker, the cry and the argument has been, "Do thus much to save the party. Dole out this and this measure of justice, not for its own sake, but because we need the party *needs it*."

A people drugged with such opiates, the moment the burden of the war and the weight of danger is taken off, springs back to its old race-hatred. Hence the easy victory of the rebels in Ohio and Pennsylvania. While a large portion of the people has been ready for any measure of justice, and would have followed Lincoln to any hight of national honor, another portion, poisoned by his infidelity to principle, has remained in just that equivocal state of mind that left them an easy prey to the Pendletons and the Vallandighams. Wade reaps to-day the harvest of that party atheism which he has sometimes countenanced, and which his later and general fidelity has not sufficed to neutralize.

What shall we do? Press bravely on. Impeach the traitor of the White House. Men with white lips, who fancy themselves statesmen, cry, "Oh, no; that will create sympathy for him and wreck the party." Utter want of self-respect has wrecked the party, nothing else. To bear blows unresistingly may be clear duty for an individual, it is death to a party. The nation has gazed on and seen Johnson insult and defy Congress. Men conclude that Congress is either too stupid to understand or too pusillanimous to resist the insult. The pastimes that Senators and Governors now propose is, that we go on and invite more Presidential insult, in hope that so the people will pity Congress and hate Johnson. It is a fatal policy. Such pity passes soon into contempt. The old Whig party marched to its grave in the fond conceit that its patience would win sympathy. It found too late that the masses distrusted its foes, but despised a Whig.

Nothing but daring, courage, gallantry, will win back popular sympathy. Hang out the banner of impartial suffrage and rebel disfranchisement on the outmost wall. Throttle the President. Clean out that nest of unclean birds—the Cabinet. Rally Patriotism to the front. The disheartening of Bull Run was never wholly cured till Grant moved on Richmond. Teach men to forget Ohio and Pennsylvania in the blaze of a fiercer onset.

Every other policy is death—slow death. Slave masters despised the Whig because they saw he feared them. They respected the Abolitionist because they saw he defied them. Republicans will find that the same feelings are at work now. As an eloquent Western man says, "We have abolished the slave. We have not abolished the master. This terrible truth Senators are forgetting." The same policy or defiance which saved us heretofore is our only resource now. It will cow rebels alike in Carolina and Ohio; and it will teach, rally and unite the people. No man doubts that the North really means to exact the full results of its victory. Act to-day so as to convince the South that this is truer now than ever before.

WENDELL PHILLIPS.

TENNESSEE ITEMS.

The new iron bridge over the Cumberland river at Nashville is fast approaching completion.

One hundred and eighty-three petitions in bankruptcy have been filed in the Federal Court for Middle Tennessee.

Tennessee wheat, to the amount of 720 bushels, passed through Nashville for Louisville and Cincinnati on Saturday.

Brownlow has ordered the following elections to fill vacancies: In the second Chancery Division on the 30th of November; in the Fourth Judicial Circuit on the same day; in the Seventh Judicial Circuit on the 16th, and in the Eleventh Judicial Circuit on the 23d of November.

The Gallatin *Examiner* says: "We learn that our fellow citizen L. W. Vaughan, who was suddenly cut off, at Memphis, on Monday last, by the yellow fever, had providently insured his life for $20,000 for the benefit of his wife a short time before his death.

A conference of the colored preachers and members of the Methodist Church, within the bounds of the Memphis conference district, will be held in Jackson, on the 20th of November.

Three children of a gentleman named Davis, who resides about seven miles south of Bolivar, were gathering muscadines, Monday of last week, when a dead tree standing near fell with a crash, instantly killing a little boy eleven years old, severely wounding his little sister, and just brushing the third child. The Bolivar *Bulletin* says: The poor little fellow's heart was crushed out of his breast, and his body so mutilated the fragments of the dead timber were intermixed with his quivering flesh.

The Bolivar *Bulletin* of the 19th says: "We wish to call the attention of our readers, especially our farmers and planters, to the distressing fact that Northern cured hams are selling here for thirty cents per pound while cotton is only worth ten cents per pound. No wonder there is a scarcity of money and a dearth in all kinds of business. How can we have money among us when it takes three pounds of cotton to buy one pound of meat?"

The Chattanooga *Union* of the 19th says: "A very dangerous $100 counterfeit on several New York and Boston National Banks is being generally circulated in this city. It is skillfully executed and calculated to deceive any but experts. Merchants cannot be too careful how they handle notes of the denomination named."

An altercation took place between two citizens of Christian country, Mr. Albert Jones and Dr. Metcalfe, in which fire arms were freely used. Mr. Jones was mortally wounded and died almost instantly, but Metcalfe will recover.

The Board of Health of Montgomery report no yellow fever in that city up to the evening of the 16th.

ST. LOUIS LAW SCHOOL,

Law Department of Washington University

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

THE first term of this Law School will open on WEDNESDAY, October 15, 1867, and continue for six months. Instruction will be given during the course (two years) in Constitutional, Corporation, Admiralty and Maritime Law, Jurisdiction, Practice and Pleadings in United States Courts, by SAMUEL TREAT, United States District Judge; Abstract Maxim, assistant.

History and science of Law; Equity Jurisprudence, Pleading after the system. NATHANIEL HOLMES, Justice Supreme Court, Missouri.

Law of Real Property and Successions, ALBERT TODD.

Commercial Law, Evidence and Criminal Jurisprudence, JOHN D. S. DRYER, late Justice Supreme Court, Missouri.

Law of Contracts, Commercial Law, HENRY HITCHCOCK.

Lectures and Re-lations in Polytechnic Institute Building.

Seventh and Chestnut streets.

Lectures will be delivered by members of the Advisory and Examining Board, on which the following gentlemen have been appointed:

Hon. S. F. Miller, of United States Supreme Court; Hon. D. Leggett, Chief Justice, of Missouri; Hon. A. Krekel, United States Judge Western District, Missouri; Hon. C. B. Lines, Hon. Peter, Judges St. Louis Circuit Court; W. H. Nugent, late Chief Justice Supreme Court; John R. Shepley, Esq.; R. G. Watson, Esq.; Robert S. Glover, Esq.; John F. Kreim, Esq.; Roe Cothran with further information, apply on and after 1st September next, to H. A. Ranlett, Provident Savings Institution, No. 316 Olive street, St. Louis, Missouri.

oct w HENRY HITCHCOCK, Dean of Law Faculty

The Academy of the Visitation, B. V. M.

THE exercises of the Academy of the Visitation, B. V. M., at Alexandria, Washington county, Virginia, will commence on THURSDAY, the 3d of October 15th, 1867, under the charge of the Sisters of the VISITATION, B. V. M.

The terms of the School will be made to conform, as far as possible, to the straightened circumstances of the people.

TERMS PAYABLE PER HALF SESSION IN ADVANCE.

Board, Tuition in all the English branches, fuel, lights, washing and mending per session of ten months..... $150 00

TERMS PER HALF SESSION FOR DAY SCHOLARS, in Academic or Preparatory Department:

First Class..... $ 20 00
Second Class..... 16 00
Third and Fourth Class..... 12 00

PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

First Class..... $15 00
Second Class..... 12 00

EXTRA CHARGES.

Music on Piano-forte, per session..... $40 00
" Harp..... 60 00
" Guitar..... 30 00
French, German or Italian..... 10 00
Painting in Oil Colors..... 15 00
Drawing..... 10 00
Painting in water Colors..... 10 00
Use of Library..... 2 00
Use of Piano-forte, Harp or Guitar, (with music only) 10 00

For further particulars, address MOTHER SUPERIOR, ACADEMY OF THE VISITATION, B. V. M., Alexandria, Virginia.

RAILROADS.

FOR THE EAST AND NORTH

SPEED, COMFORT AND SAFETY!

MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON RAILROAD

From Memphis & Intervening Points

TO

Georgia, the Carolinas, Virginia Springs, Lynchburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Etc.

TRAINS leave MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON DEPOT as follows: 6:40 a. m., this train arrives in NASHVILLE

EIGHT HOURS IN ADVANCE

Of any train leaving Memphis on the same day;

6:10 P. M.—This Train arrives at Nashville

TWO HOURS IN ADVANCE

Of Night Express by any other Route.

Smooth Track, Safety Equipments and Quicker Time than by any other route.

One hundred and eighty-six miles shorter to Washington and ninety-eight miles shorter to New York than any other route.

ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH.

Checks given at hotels or private residences, when ordered at the Office of the Company.

Fare the Same as by any other Route.

TICKETS to all parts can be procured at the office of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, corner of Main and South Court-house, Memphis, Tenn.

A. A. RAINES, Gen'l Ticket Ag't.
SAM. C. WARING, Gen'l Freight Ag't.
G. W. URQUHART, Passenger Agent.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD,
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., Sept. 24, 1867.

TRAINS will leave the Depot of the Company, at head of Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4:30 p.m., making close connection at Louisville with fast Express trains on Jeffersonville railroad for all Northern cities, and with United states Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and all cities North and East, and is the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday night at 11 p.m., making close connection with Mobile and Ohio railroad at Humboldt, and with Illinois Central railroad for St. Louis, Chicago and all points North, West and East, and at Louisville with Jeffersonville railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

CARS GO THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through to all important places. Persons holding through tickets can stop over at any point and resume journey at pleasure.

☞ Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 337½ Main street, and at Depot

SAM'L JONES,
General Superintendent.

ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and After Saturday, Oct. 19, 1867,

UNTIL further notice, the Passenger Train will LEAVE MEMPHIS DAILY AT 5:00 p.m., one hour earlier than heretofore.

Trains arrive at Memphis daily at 8:45 a.m.

This change is made temporarily, by request of numerous patrons of the road. Parties wishing to leave Memphis at 10:00 a.m. or earlier in the morning, can purchase Commutation Tickets for seventy trips in any way, or tickets good for one month, at reduced rates, by applying at this office.

oct19 A. S. EVERMORE, General Superintendent.

BANKS.

P. C. BETHELL, Jr., President. J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Cashier.

TENNESSEE SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

BETHELL BUILDING,

Corner of Court and Main Streets, Memphis, Tennessee.

TRANSACTS a General Banking Business, Receives Deposits, Deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Uncurrent Money. Collections promptly attended to.

Directors:

JOHN C. LANIER, President Georgia Savings Institution.
JAMES ELDER, President Dunlap Bank.
W. H. CROSS, President Merchants' National Bank.
P. C. BETHELL.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE

MEMPHIS.

No. 12 Madison Street.

D. A. SHEPHERD, Cashier. P. W. SMITH, President.

THE DESOTO BANK OF MEMPHIS,

No. 20 Madison Street.

JAMES ELDER, President. W. H. WOOD, Vice President.

T. R. FARNSWORTH, Cashier.

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.

IN compliance with a pledge made in their communication of February last, to the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen, the

Memphis Gaslight Company

HAVE DETERMINED TO

Reduce the Price

On their sales of Gas, supplied

On and After the 1st of December Next

To the Lowest Rates then deemed possible, allowing

A SMALL PROFIT

On the capital invested, and pledge themselves that the price then established shall range among

THE LOWEST RATES CHARGED

In other Southern and Southwestern cities

☞ Their Apparatus, lately at great expense improved and extended, enables them to offer a steady, strong and brilliant gaslight as that supplied anywhere in the United States.

In reference to a much threatened or position in business, we beg of the non cleaning, possible, for Company hereby gives notice to their patrons and the public, that in case of an actual competition they will supply their demand s at

One-third or Less than One-third

The rates established by such competitors.

Their Works were constructed with a view of remunerating the owners for their investments, as well as for public convenience. Notwithstanding such intention they will ever sell or

FURNISH LIGHT AT A MERE FRACTION

Of the price asked by any competing or opposing Company.

JAMES M. WILLIAMSON, President.

oct17

A GOOD COOKING STOVE

Is one of the most necessary and desirable articles of household economy, and if properly managed will promote the health, comfort and happiness of every member of the family.

No Cooking Stoves

Have ever been brought before the public which obtained so great a popularity or met with more favor than

FILLEY'S

CHARTER OAK

AND

PLYMOUTH ROCK.

OVER 100,000 OF THESE CELEBRATED

COOKING STOVES

Have been sold under full guarantee, and we offer them as reference wherever found.

THE IMPROVED CHARTER OAK,

WITH EXTENSION TOP,

Has a better oven damper, and is so simple in its construction that a child can manage it. The ovens are larger, bake more uniform, and the stove heats no less than any cooking stove of corresponding size ever made.

Housekeepers, Stove Dealers and Tinners

Can rely upon being supplied at the lowest rates, and will find it to their advantage to send for and examine our Price List and Descriptive before purchasing elsewhere. Address

Excelsior Manufacturing Company,

812 and 814 St. Louis, Mo.

SOLE AGENTS FOR MEMPHIS, TENN.,

J. F. SCHABEL & CO.,

No. 337 Main Street,

Adjoining Worsham House.

NOLAN & LINDSAY,

House & Sign Painters, Glaziers, etc.

No. 57 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAND DISTRIBUTION!

2,350 PREMIUMS,

AMOUNTING TO

$253,950 in 9,000 Certificates

IN

THREE PRELIMINARY DRAWINGS

AND

ONE GRAND SCHEME.

Mississippi Agricultural, Educational and Manufacturing Aid Society at Vicksburg, Miss.

Chartered by an Act of the Legislature of Mississippi, passed February 14, 1867.

THE following receipt from the State Treasurer exhibits the fact that the Society has paid into the State Treasury the sum of Five Thousand Dollars for the benefit of the State University:

COPY OF RECEIPT.

No. 127—State of Mississippi Five Thousand Dollars, State Treasury, Jackson:

Received of W. D. Lyles, President, etc., per C. B. White, the sum of Five Thousand Dollars in full of Auditor's Receipt warrant No. 127, dated July 15, A. D. 1867, in his favor, account of University of Mississippi, under 8th section of Act of February 14, 1867, entitled an act incorporating the Mississippi Agricultural, Educational and Manufacturing Aid Society.

Given under my hand and seal at office this 15th of July A. D. 1867.

JOHN H. McHOLA, State Treasurer.

In the Three Preliminary Distributions and Grand Scheme, there will be distributed 2,350 premiums, amounting to $253,950 in 9,000 certificates.

PREMIUMS FROM $30 TO $50,000.

First Preliminary Distribution, Sept. 18, 1867.

1 Premium of	$4,000	$ 4,000
1 "	2,000	2,000
2 "	1,000	2,000
3 "	500	1,500
10 "	100	1,000
100 "	30	30
800 "	30	30
900 Premiums amounting to		$10,560

Second Preliminary Distribution, Oct. 16, 1867.

1 Premium of	$4,000	$ 4,000
1 "	3,000	3,000
1 "	1,500	1,500
2 "	750	1,500
10 "	100	1,000
100 "	30	3,000
630 "	45	19,350
750 Premiums amounting to		$33,850

Third Preliminary Distribution, Nov. 13, 1867

1 Premium of	$8,000	$ 8,000
1 "	4,000	4,000
1 "	2,000	2,000
2 "	1,000	2,000
10 "	100	1,000
100 "	30	3,000
630 "	60	37,800
850 Premiums amounting to		$40,800

GRAND SCHEME, DECEMBER 11, 1867.

1 Premium of	$50,000	$50,000
1 "	15,000	15,000
1 "	10,000	10,000
1 "	5,000	5,000
2 "	2,000	5,000
10 "	1,000	10,000
15 "	500	7,500
25 "	300	9,300
100 "	100	10,000
945 "	70	66,150
1,800 Premiums amounting to		$150,950

Whole Certificates, $30; First Instalment, $13.

Halves, one-half to one-third the above rates; First Instalment, $7 50.

Quarters, $15; First Instalment, $3 25.

Take notice, that certificates are to be paid for in instalments of twenty-five per cent. of the whole sum, for the first, Second and Third Preliminary Distributions and Grand Scheme.

The whole amount may be paid at once, if preferred. By this plan it will be seen that the savings of a fraction over ten cents per day, during the month, will purchase a Quarter Certificate, and keep the same reserved throughout the whole service, if not drawn out in first, second or third preliminaries.

Premiums Paid Without Deduction.

☞ Certificates may be purchased from or ordered through any of the Society's Agents, or ordered direct from this office.

All orders and communications by mail or express will receive prompt attention.

Certificates may be ordered through the Company's Agents, LYLES & PARMELEE, No. 39 Madison street, Memphis Square.

ALBERT SANDEL, Secretary. W. D. LYLES, President.

SECOND DRAWING

OF THE

SOUTHERN ASYLUM LAND CO.

TO BE HELD

AT HERNANDO, MISS, OCTOBER, 1867

THE FIRST DRAWING, which took place at Hernando Miss., on the 15th instant, was attended with unusual success, when it is remembered that not a farm was offered from the inception of the enterprise to that event. Seventeen thousand dollars worth of tickets were sold, a like number of which property was drawn for, under the supervision of gentlemen selected by the ticket holders present, and the harmony and good feeling pervaded those present, and, as will be seen from the subjoined certificate of the managers, the affair was conducted to a close in a most gratifying and satisfactory manner:

HERNANDO, Miss., June 15, 1867.

We hereby certify, that the above report of the first drawing of the Southern Asylum is correct, and that the proceedings were characterized by a spirit of fairness and good feeling, passed by any drawing of which we have any knowledge. The managers of the Company placed the tickets in the hands under our sole management and control.

(Signed)

J. B. MORGAN,
W. W. CAMPTON,
ROBERT V. TEMPLE,
M. MAGEVNEY,
W. M. MERRIWETHER,
JOHN AIKMAN,
Committee.

J. M. HALL, Clerk.

The prizes drawn on this occasion numbered forty-seven, and comprised lots in the vicinity of Memphis, Tenn., Corinth, Miss., and Hernando, Miss., deeds to which have been made to the lucky ticket holders. For this, the second Drawing however, we are able to offer our patrons still more attractive inducements to interest themselves in our scheme. From a lengthy list of property, and of which a schedule has been advertised to the public, we select the following assortment:

LIST OF PRIZES

FIRST AND CAPITAL PRIZE.

Colonel M. G. Galloway's valuable residence, corner of Court and Third streets, Memphis, the block only from the center of the city, and in the vicinity of all the Federal, State and county offices. Lot 97½ feet front by 165 deep. Valued at $30,000.

SECOND PRIZE.

A cottage residence of ten rooms, with lot 60x165, in the city of Chicago, Ill., only three quarters of a mile from the heart of the city, and within one block of the main railroad intersecting every part of the city. Valued at $5,000.

THIRD PRIZE.

One residence lot adjoining above property, 60x165 feet; very available for residence and desirable location. Valued at $600

FOURTH PRIZE.

One residence lot adjoining above property, 22x100 feet. Valued at $200.

FIFTH PRIZE.

One residence lot adjoining above, also 22x100 feet. Valued at $200.

SIXTH PRIZE.

A most valuable manufacturing site with a perpetual fall of 20 feet of water, situated in Winston county, Alabama, with 10 acres of land. Valued at $5,000.

SEVENTH PRIZE.

The Franklin Female Institute, at Holly Springs, Miss.; a handsome and well constructed school building, and eligibly located. This is very desirable property. Valued at $5,000.

EIGHTH PRIZE.

Lot No. 5, in Hays' subdivision, Memphis; size 102x197 feet. A beautiful building lot. Valued at $1,000.

NINTH PRIZE.

Seventy five and a half acres of W ooland near Raleigh, Shelby county, Tennessee, distant fro Memphis nine miles. This is very desirable property. Valued at $2,000.

TENTH PRIZE.

Cottage residence, 3 rooms; lot 132x170 feet, on Borland avenue, near Memphis and Charleston railroad, near corporation line. Valued at $1,000.

Tickets $5 00 Each.

May be had of, or ordered through, any of the Company's agents, at the Central Agency, Memphis, Tenn., or of General James Smith, Hernando, Miss.

Stockholders, Directors and Officers of the Company are prohibited from purchasing or holding tickets in any of the drawings. The object of the property, and of which a schedule is advertised to the public, we select the following assortment:

SECOND DRAWING

OF THE

SOUTHERN ASYLUM LAND CO.

TO BE HELD

AT HERNANDO, MISS, OCTOBER, 1867

IMPERIAL BITTERS,

Which we are prepared to furnish to the Trade in any quantity.

JO. BANFILL & CO.,
sep No. 3 Bradley Block, Memphis, Tenn.

IF YOU WISH TO PUSH DISEASE FROM THE SYSTEM and leave natural conditions, you must use Blood Food Mineral Water.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

THE great need of Every Man, Woman and Child.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

A PERFECT Combination of Iron with Blood bases

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

KEEP a little with you all the time FOR EMERGENCIES.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

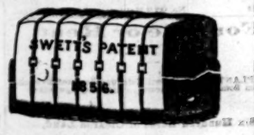
Try it at the fountains,
Try it at your home;
Come back to Northern mountains,
And leave the drugs alone.
Come to your land of beauty,
Drink the wine of life prepared,
And you will always be on duty
With a thousand blessings shared.
Try what? STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

oct3

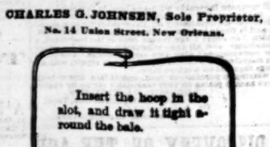
SELF FASTENING

WROUGHT IRON BUCKLE TIE

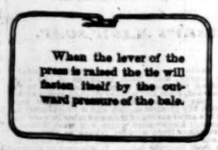
FOR COTTON BALES.



CHARLES G. JOHNSEN, Sole Proprietor, No. 14 Union Street, New Orleans.



All other Ties fastening by this method are infringements, and will be prosecuted at law as such.



We are sole Agents and are prepared to fill orders for the above SELF FASTENING WROUGHT IRON BUCKLE TIE, on the most favorable terms. We are having them manufactured of the most superior iron and thoroughly tested.

J. H. DAVIES & CO.,
Commission Merchants.

LOUISVILLE, June 22, 1867

A. C. JOSLIN, R. J. MENEFEE, J. W. DUNKLES

BURNET HOUSE

Northwest Corner of Vine and Third Streets,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

A. C. JOSLIN & CO., Proprietors.

au 17

HARDWARE & MACHINERY

PERKINS, LIVINGSTON & POST,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of

MACHINERY SUPPLIES

And a General Assortment of

Heavy and Shelf Hardware,

Machinists' Tools,

Belting, Packing, Horse Powers, etc.

SOLE AGENTS

Straub's Corn Mills,

E. Carver & Co.'s Cotton Gins,

Ingersoll's Portable Cotton Presses,

Lane & Bodley's Saw Mills,

Wood & Mann's Portable Engines.

350 MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

AGENTS FOR PRATT'S COTTON GINS.

WORMELEY, JOY & CO.

HAVE now on hand, and will continue to keep, a large supply of the celebrated

PRATT COTTON GINS,

numbering from Forty-five to Eighty Saws, which they will sell on the most liberal terms

CUBBINS & GUNN,

Iron Founders and Machinists,

UNION IRON WORKS,

ADAMS STREET, NEAR BAYOU.

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS, and all kinds of Machinery constantly on hand and promptly repaired on reasonable terms.

JULIUS BARBAROUX,

HYDRAULIC

FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP,

Corner Floyd and Washington Sts.,

LOUISVILLE KY.

MANUFACTURER of Steamboat, Stationary and Portable Saw Mills, Shingle Mills, Shingle Machines, Sugar Mills, Hydraulic Press, Craig's Patent Union and Star Press, Tobacco Screws and Presses, Wrought Iron Flat and Wrought Iron Pipes, and all kinds of Castings. All fitting complete; description of the Wrought Iron Pipe always on hand and sold at the Lowest Prices.

Agent for the sale of E. CARVER'S COTTON GINS, PATENTS IMPROVED WATER WHEELS, and Sole Manufacturer for Kentucky, Missouri and the Southern States, of

Z. King's Patent Wrought Iron Bridges.

This Bridge is in general use in the States of Ohio, Indiana and New York, and is the superseding all other bridges introduced. It can be furnished as put up for about the same price as a first class wooden bridge is far stronger, handsomer and more durable.

Descriptive Circulars, drawings and prices sent upon application.

☞ Branch Shops at Helena, Ark.

King's Patent Wrought Iron Tubular Arch Bridges

HAVE been in use throughout the Northern States for the past three years, and in superseding all other kinds of Turnpikes, County Roads and Railroads.

Hundreds have been built and put up, and, without a single exception, have built every condition, and stood every test required of a good bridge

Being constructed wholly of Wrought Iron, upon a plan combining in the greatest degree Economy, Durability and Strength, they cannot fail to commend themselves to practical men.

The undersigned having acquired the Sole Right to manufacture and put up these bridges in the States of Kentucky, Missouri, and the Southern States, is prepared to furnish them promptly.

Reliable and responsible Agents wanted. Circulars, lithographs and specifications on application to

JULIUS BARBAROUX,
Hydraulic Foundry and Machine Shop,
Corner Floyd and Washington streets,
Louisville KY.

ARROW COTTON TIES.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

GULLETT'S STEEL BRUSH COTTON GINS—Price $6 00 per Saw, invariably cash.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

MARVIN & CO.'S GREATLY CELEBRATED FIRE & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES, for Business Houses and Bankers; also, PARLOR or PLATE SAFES, at manufacturers' prices.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
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1800 BOXES FRENCH WINDOW GLASS—in ported street and for sale by

ORGILL BROS. & CO.

Magnolia,
Crown Anchor,
Emerald Isle,
Three Star,
Robison County,
Domestic Bourbon,
Sportsman's Favorite.

We also call the attention of dealers to our well assorted stock of Brandies, Wines and Bourbon Whiskies, which have been selected with great care, for fall trade.

We are the Sole Manufacturers of the celebrated

IMPERIAL BITTERS,

Which we are prepared to furnish to the Trade in any quantity.

JO. BANFILL & CO.,
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IF YOU WISH TO PUSH DISEASE FROM THE SYSTEM and leave natural conditions, you must use Blood Food Mineral Water.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

THE great need of Every Man, Woman and Child.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

A PERFECT Combination of Iron with Blood bases

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

KEEP a little with you all the time FOR EMERGENCIES.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

Try it at the fountains,
Try it at your home;
Come back to Northern mountains,
And leave the drugs alone.
Come to your land of beauty,
Drink the wine of life prepared,
And you will always be on duty
With a thousand blessings shared.
Try what? STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. J. M. KELLER,

OFFICE, JEFFERSON STREET, in Avalanche Editorial Rooms.

Late Surgeon of Gayoso Hospital.

WM. T. JONES,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BROWNSVILLE, ARK.

Prompt attention given to Collection of Claims.

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SUCKS & REID,

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FRIAR'S POINT, MISSISSIPPI.

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BOOTS AND SHOES.

HORACE STONE,

Wholesale Boots and Shoes, No. 325 Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Having Removed from my old store No. 321 to 325 MAIN STREET, UP STAIRS, thereby reducing my expenses largely, I am enabled to offer unusual inducements in the way of Bargains.

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Boots, Shoes & Gaiters,

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All kinds of Repairing Neatly Executed on Short Notice.

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COE'S

DYSPEPSIA CURE.

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL

DISEASES OF THE STOMACH

IS the discovery of the inventor of COE'S valuable Cough Balsam, while experimenting for his own health. It cured him of a terrible dyspepsia, from which he had suffered for many years.

The almost daily testimony from various parts of the country encourages us to believe there is no disease caused by a disordered stomach in which it will not speedily cure.

PHYSICIANS INDORSE AND USE IT

Ministers Give Testimony of its Efficacy!

And from all directions we receive tidings of cures in

Dyspepsia!
It is sure to cure.
Heartburn!
One dose will cure.
Sick-Headache!
It has cured in hundreds of cases
Headache and Dizziness!
It stops in thirty minutes.
Acidity of the Stomach!
It corrects at once
Rising of the Food!
It stops immediately.
Distress after Eating!
One dose will remove.
Cholera Morbus!
Rapidly yields to a few doses.
Bad Breath!
Will be changed with half a bottle

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS!

Its unprecedented success is owing to the fact that it cures by assisting nature to remove the cause of the disease.

Nearly every dealer in the United States sells it at ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors.

NIPGEN & REAKIRT, Agents for Memphis.
BARNES, WARD & CO., General Agents for the South.

Nottingham Academy

THE Fortieth session (eighth) of this School opens on the

First Monday of September,

and will close about the last of June, 1868. The Principal will be assisted by a graduate of the University of Virginia. For further information, as to terms, etc., address the Principal, Somerville, Tennessee. The following refer to parents of gentleman whose names are appended below:

N. B.—Those whose names are marked by the asterisk, are, or have been, patrons of the school.

D. M. QUARLES, Principal.

*Hon. M. Brown, Memphis; *Maj. L. Pierson, Columbia, Tennessee; *J. J. T. Baskerville, Fayette county; *Colonel J. B. Moody, Fayette county; *Colonel Wm. Tate, Memphis; *Maj. W. J. Proudfit, Memphis; *Mr. Thos. H. Allen, Memphis; *Mr. Jas. Phelan, Memphis, Tennessee; *Maj. L. Guion, Memphis, Tennessee; Hon. A. H. Stewart, Memphis; *Maj. J. L. Pulliam, Somerville; *Prof. J. C. Pulliam, Macon, Tennessee; *Hon. J. T. Jones, Hernando, Miss.; *Thos. Shapard, Esq., Tipton county; *Colon l A. T. Lacey, Memphis; *Major Robt. Dunlap, Memphis; *Major Wm. Dunlap, Memphis; *Major Robt. Dunlap, Memphis; *Hon. Jno. Reaves, Rev. W. C. Johnson, Editor Christian Advocate, Nashville; Reverend H. W. Williamson, Memphis; Mr. W. G. Miller, Memphis; Mr. Law s Mayre, Memphis; Captain R. C. Williamson, Memphis; Mr. W. H. Martin, Port Gibson, Miss.; Mr. Wm. Chandler; J. W. Harris, Somerville; Judge Humphreys, Somerville; Rev. Dr. Hillsman, Somerville; Mr. W. G. Miller, Memphis; Prof. E. D. Boyd, somerville; Faculty University of Virginia; Prof. R. L. Dabney, Washington College; Colonel J. M. Brown, Virginia Military Institute.

COTTON GIN AND PICKERY,

At Foot of Market Street,

OPPOSITE UNDERWRITERS' WAREHOUSE.

CONNELL & EAKIN.

ARE now prepared to receive Seed Cotton for Ginning, and guarantee to turn out good work.

Damaged Cotton picked and repacked. Highest Cash Price paid for Long Cotton.

Wagdich a share of public patronage, promising to do our best to give satisfaction. se9

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THIS SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES

Was Opened on September 2, 1867,

Under the continued direction of the undersigned.

THREE buildings are commodious and spacious; the situation beautiful and healthy; the corps of teachers is full and able; the grounds are extensive and in a retired part of the town, and furnished with cool cistern and well water. No case of serious sickness has occurred during the last two years.

CHARGES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

Tuition per session of twenty weeks..... $20 00
Use of Instrument..... 4 00
Language..... 10 00
Incidental fee..... 2 50
Board per month..... 15 00

Pupils furnish their own towels, lights and bed covering. For further particulars see Circulars. Address

R. H. RIVERS, Somerville, Tenn.

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A. F. DAVIS,

PRACTICAL HOUSE & SIGN PAINTER.

GILDING, GRAINING, GLAZING,

Paper Hanging, Kalsomining, Etc.

38 Union Street, Between Main & Second,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE firm of WRIGHT & WILCOX was dissolved September 1st, by mutual consent, A. N. Wilcox withdrawing. W. F. Wright will continue business at the old stand, No. 3 Peabody Square, Adams street, where the books, papers, accounts, etc., of the late firm are to be found, and we trust that all indebted to said firm will come forward and settle promptly. Thankful for the favors of the past, we solicit a continuance of the same in the future.

W. F. WRIGHT,
A. N. WILCOX.

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LEGAL.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—W. F. Quinby, W. m. A. Rodgers and Jno. Clement, Adm'rs, &c., Quinby & McKinnon vs. Lucy F. Rothrock, administratrix of Thomas James, deceased, and her husband H. D. Rothrock.

IT appearing from an affidavit in this cause that the defendants Lucy F. Rothrock and her husband H. D. Rothrock are residents of the State of Indiana and non residents of the State of Tennessee; it is therefore ordered that they make their appearance before the Chancellor at the Court House in the City of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in December, 1867, and plead, answer or demur to complainants' bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him, and